FOREIGN CHECKS MUST BE IN U.S. DOLLARS AND MUST BEAR MAGNETIC INK COMPUTER READABLE (MICR) CODING.





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#### THE MYSTERIES OF BAS-1 REVEALED! (OR AT LEAST SOME OF THEM)

The following questions asked by James Blackshear have been asked by many readers, and if not specifically asked, must at least have occurred to many others:

"I would like to know more about BAS-1. What is on page zero, how can we use it, and where are the useful routines in BASIC? And, is there a source listing (commented or not) available, and if so, how can we get ahold of it?"

To answer the second question first, the source code for BAS-1 is proprietary to Microsoft and its licensee Synertek Systems Corporation (the first time we visited Jared Larsen at SSC, we observed a listing of the source code on a desktop, and started to leaf through it, but it was removed and placed out of our reach!). Publishing a complete disassembly of BAS-1 would permit readers to by-pass purchasing the ROMs, thus reducing potential sales by the copyright owner. Thus the answer is NO!!!

On the other hand, an incomplete listing would still require the reader to purchase BAS-1 in order to obtain a working BASIC. So, to answer Jim's first question, we are publishing a partial disassembly of BAS-1, and, in the article "MEAN14 FOR THE SYM", information on entry points for most of the floating point arithmetic subroutines. This information should provide a useful starting point for owners of BAS-1 who wish to proceed with their own "reverse-engineering" of BAS-1.

#### HOW TO POWER-UP INTO A RUNNING BASIC PROGRAM

Another frequently asked question is "How can we arrange to have the SYM power-on-reset either to BASIC, or directly into a working BASIC program (i.e., in the RUN mode)? The answer to this extremely important question is the subject of our lead article:

```
0010 : Example of a power-on-reset program to start up-
0020 : and-running in a BASIC program, i.e., a "turnkey"
0030 ; system. If you wish to "protect" your program the
0040 ; easiest way is to POKE 42580,128 to lock-out inputs
0050; until they are called for, and write a "quarded"
0060 ; input routine to prevent return to the direct command
0070; mode on a <cr> reply to an input request. The BREAK
0080 ; key will also cause a return to the direct command
0090; mode, but if the keyboard has been locked out by the
0100 : POKE only RESET can restart the program.
0110
#12# ; IT MIGHT BE A GOOD IDEA FOR TROUBLE SHOOTING TO BUILD
#13# : IN A "SECRET KEY" TO PERMIT EXIT TO SUPERMON: ONE MAY
8148 : IS TO ALLOW A SPECIAL INPUT SEQUENCE TO CAUSE A JUMP
0150 : TO A USR (USRENT, 0).
9149
0170; This program may be tested in RAM, at any address,
0180; from SUPERMON, by .G TURNKEY, to simulate reset.
Ø2ØØ :
             SUPERMON ADDRESSES
Ø21Ø
Ø22Ø INCHR
                 .DE $8A1B
                              Input character
Ø23Ø OUTCHR
                .DE $8A47
                              Output character
Ø24Ø TOUT
                .DE $BAAØ
                              Terminal character out
                .DE $8886
0250 ACCESS
                              Unprotect SYSRAM
                 .DE $8887
                              Default I/O terminal vectors
Ø26Ø VECSW
Ø27Ø DFTBLK
                 .DE $8FAØ
                              Default table
Ø28Ø RIN
                 .DE $887E
                              RAM input
8298
0300 :
             SYSTEM RAM ADDRESSES
Ø31Ø
Ø32Ø SYSRAM
                 .DE $A620
                              RAM above SCPBUF
Ø33Ø SDBYT
                 .DE $A651
                              Baud rate constant
Ø34Ø SCRA
                 .DE $A63A
                              Scratch
Ø35Ø TOUTFL
                 .DE $A654
                              Terminal I/O flags
Ø36Ø
Ø37Ø :
             SYSTEM RAM VECTORS
Ø38Ø
Ø39Ø INVEC
                 .DE $A66Ø
Ø4ØØ DUTVEC
                .DE $A663
9419
Ø42Ø :
             SYSTEM I/O ADDRESSES
Ø43Ø
Ø44Ø PCR1
                 .DE $AØØC
Ø45Ø
Ø46Ø :AND NOW. HERE WE GO ! ! ! !
Ø47Ø
Ø48Ø
                 .BA $98ØØ
                              Or wherever, in any EPROM
aaga
                 . 09
4544
Ø51Ø TURNKEY
                LDX ##FF Initialize stack pointer
Ø52Ø
                TXS
Ø53Ø
                LDA ##CC
Ø54Ø
                STA PCRI
                             Disable POR, tape off, etc.
Ø55Ø
                LDA ###4
                             Zero flags, and disable IRQ
Ø56Ø
                PHA
```

9800- A2 FF

9803- A9 CC

9808- A9 Ø4

98Ø5- 8D ØC AØ

Ø57Ø

PLP

98Ø2- 9A

78ØA- 48

98ØB- 28

|                | Ø584          |  |                        |      |  |
|----------------|---------------|--|------------------------|------|--|
| 98ØC- 2Ø 86 8  |               |  | 986D- 47 30 0D         | 1169 | .BY 'GØ' \$ØD : WARM START                                 |
| 98ØF- A2 5F    | Ø6 <b>0</b> 0 | VON HODEDS   | 9870- 58 3D 55         |      | A STATE SWINI BINK!  |
|                | Ø610          | TO THE AND ASSESSMENT USING CONTACTOR  | 9873- 53 52 28         |      | BY 'X=USR(&"8B86",Ø)' \$ØD ;ACCES9                         |
|                |               |  | 9876- 26 22 38         |      |  |
|                | #4.Ta         | As an alternative, your choices for default values could   | 9879- 42 38 36         |      |  |
|                | NO CHI        | jue stored at the "top" of this EPROM, and anyed to gyopom   | 987C- 22 2C 30         |      |  |
|                | Ø65Ø          | , i on there   | 987F- 29 ØD            |      |  |
| 9811- BD AØ 8  |               |  | 9881- 31 30 30         | 1180 | DV 216662HDDCCDAN CTACTO (FORTH A FE                       |
| 9814- 9D 2Ø A  |               |  | 9884- 3Ø 3F 22         |      | .BY '1000?"PROGRAM STARTS HERE"' \$00                      |
| 9817- CA       |               | STA SYSRAM, X  | 9887- 5Ø 52 4F         |      |  |
| 9818- 1Ø F7    | Ø68Ø          | DEX  | 988A- 47 52 41         |      |  |
| /316 ID F/     | Ø69Ø          | BPL XFER   | 988D- 4D 2Ø 53         |      |  |
|                | Ø7ØØ          |  | 9890- 54 41 52         |      |  |
|                | 9719          | ;Avoid necessity for log-on  | 9893- 54 53 20         |      |  |
| 981A- A9 Ø1    | 9729          |  | 9896- 48 45 52         |      |  |
| 981C- 8D 51 A  | Ø73Ø          | LDA ##Ø1   | 9899- 45 22 ØD         |      |  |
| 781F- 2Ø B7 BE |               | STA SDBYT Set baud rate to 4800  | 989C- 35 30 30         |      | DV 250000-0-02 Adn   |
| 7011 ZE B7 BE  |               | JSR VECSW Set default terminal vectors   | 989F- 3Ø 3F 3A         |      | .BY '50000?:?;?' \$0D                                      |
|                | 9760          |  | 98A2- 3F 3A 3F         |      |  |
|                | 9779          | Prepare for "EXECUTE"-type command   | 98A5- ØD               |      |  |
| 9822- AD 62 A6 | Ø78Ø          |  | 98A6- 39 30 30         | 1200 | DV 2 DAZAGHAND CAMB LATER                                  |
| 9825- 8D 3B A6 |               | LDA INVEC+2  | 98A9- 3Ø 3F 22         | 1200 | .BY '9000?"AND ENDS HERE "' \$0D                           |
|                |               | STA SCRA+1   | 98AC- 41 4E 44         |      |  |
| 9828- AD 61 A6 |               | LDA INVEC+1  | 98AF- 2Ø 45 4E         |      |  |
| 9828- 8D 3A A6 |               | STA SCRA   | 98B2- 44 53 2Ø         |      |  |
| 999E 49 7E     | Ø83Ø          |  | 98B5- 48 45 <b>5</b> 2 |      |  |
| 982E- A9 7E    | Ø84Ø          | LDA #L,RIN   | 9888- 45 20 2E         | :    |  |
| 983Ø- 8D 61 A6 |               | STA INVEC+1  | 9888- 20 2E 20         |      |  |
| 9833- A9 88    | Ø86Ø          | LDA #H,RIN   | 98BE- 2E 2Ø 2E         |      |  |
| 9835- 8D 62 A6 |               | STA INVEC+2  | 98C1- 2Ø 2E 22         |      |  |
| 9838- A9 54    | Ø88Ø          |  | 98C4- ØD               |      |  |
|                | Ø89Ø          | LDA #L,EXEC  | 98C5- 3Ø 5Ø 4F         | 1210 | DV 1 dept/m and a second                                   |
| 983A- 8D FA ØØ |               | STA \$FA   | 98C8- 4B 45 2Ø         | 1712 | .BY '@POKE 4258@,144' \$@D ;TOUTFL - CRT I/O               |
| 983D- A9 98    | 0910          | LDA #H,EXEC  | 98CB- 34 32 35         |      |  |
| 983F- 8D FB ØØ |               | STA #FB  | 98CE- 38 3Ø 2C         |      |  |
|                | Ø93Ø          |  | 98D1- 31 34 34         |      | •  |
|                | 9749<br>4054  | Change any other vectors or defaults desired here  | 98D4- ØD               |      |  |
|                | 07.20         | Julear Screen, turn off I/O during reset   |                        | 1220 | v  |
|                | #70#<br>#07#  | Omit these lines if you want to observe the process  | 98D5- 52 55 4E         | 1230 | .BY 'RUN' \$ØD   |
| 9842- A9 1B    | Ø97Ø<br>Ø98Ø  |  | 9808 ØD                |      | ים ארוע ום.  |
| 9844- 20 47 BA | 0990<br>0990  | LDA #27 ESC  | 98D9- 30 0D            | 1249 | RY 'G' \$GD IDelete Line No. 4 (All pours                  |
| 9847- A9 45    | 1000          | JSR OUTCHR   | 98DB- 4C 49 53         | 125Ø | .BY '0' \$0D ;Delete Line No. 0 (the POKE) .BY 'LIST' \$0D |
| 9849- 20 47 BA | 1010          | LDA #'E Clear screen for KTM-2   | 98DE- 54 ØD            |      | :D) C13( ##D   |
| .01, 20 4, GH  |               | JSR OUTCHR   | 98EØ- ØØ               | 1260 | .BY \$ <b>6</b> 0  |
| 984C- A9 ØØ    | 1020<br>1030  |  |                        | 1270 | 151 450  |
| 984E- 8D 54 A6 | 1949          | LDA #100   |                        |      | The next two bytes MUST be in the POWER-ON-RESET socket!   |
| 704E 0D 34 HB  | 1959          | STA TOUTFL   |                        | 1290 | (and in byte positions three and four from the top, also)  |
| 9851- 4C ØØ CØ |               | ***  |                        | 1300 | , and in Dyce positions three and tour from the top, also) |
|                |               | JMP \$C666   |                        | 1310 | .BA \$9FFC   |
| 9854- 38 31 39 | 1979          | A STATE OF THE STA |                        | 1320 | TOTAL TITLE  |
| 9857- 32 ØD    | 1000          | .BY '8192' \$ØD ; MEMORY SIZE?   | 9FFC- ØØ 98            | 1330 | .SE TURNKEY  |
| 9859- 38 30 0D | 1090          | Du and in  |                        | 1340 | · or · initials  |
| 985C- 58 3D 55 | 1100          | .BY '8Ø' \$ØD ;WIDTH?  |                        | 135Ø | .EN  |
| 985F- 53 52 28 | 1100          | .BY 'X=USR(&"8035", 6)' \$0D ; USRENT  |                        |      | * 5474   |
| 9862- 26 22 38 |               |  |                        | 1360 | A  |
| 9865- 3Ø 33 35 |               |  |                        | 13/6 | An alternate method of getting started is to move          |
| 9868- 22 2C 3Ø |               |  |                        | 1200 | BASIC's page zero and the BASIC program into your          |
| 986B- 29 ØD    |               |  |                        | 1079 | EPROM, and down load it from SUPERMON, rather than         |
|                | 1110          |  |                        | 1400 | from BASIC, as in the example below:                       |
|                |               | Insert have any Compains   |                        | 1410 | DEDLACE IND ADGGG HATH IND ADGGG TO COLUMN                 |
|                | 1130          | Insert here any SUPERMON commands needed to  |                        | 142X | REPLACE JMP \$0000 WITH JMP \$80000 IN LINE 1060           |
| •              | 1140          | modify BAS-1 default values, e.g., TRIGPATCH,<br>Lower Case Patch, etc.  |                        | 1430 | DA #COEA   |
|                | 1156          | women wast fatting tite.   |                        |      | .BA \$9854   |
|                |               |  |                        | 1450 |  |

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| <b>9854- 42</b> 3Ø 2C  | 146Ø EXEC .1       | 3Y 'B0,9000,90E7' \$0D     | ; PAGE ZERO        |
|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| 9857- 39 30 30         |                    |                            |                    |
| 985A- 3Ø 2C 39         |                    | •                          |                    |
| 985D- 3Ø 45 37         |                    |                            |                    |
| 9860- ØD               |                    |                            |                    |
| 9861- 42 32 30         | 1476 .1            | 3Y 'B200,9200,922F' \$0D   | BASIC PROGRAM      |
| 9864- 3 <i>0</i> 2C 39 |                    | •                          | •                  |
| 9867- <b>3</b> 2 3Ø 3Ø |                    |                            |                    |
| <b>986A- 2C 39 32</b>  |                    |                            |                    |
| 986D- 32 46 ØD         |                    |                            |                    |
| 9870- 47 30 0D         | 1480 .1            | Y 'GØ' \$ØD                | BASIC WARM START   |
| 9873- 58 3D 55         |                    | 3Y 'X=USR(&"8B86",Ø)' \$ØD |                    |
| 9876- <b>5</b> 3 52 28 |                    |                            | ,                  |
| 9879- 26 22 38         |                    |                            |                    |
| 987C- 42 38 36         |                    |                            |                    |
| 987F- 22 2C 3Ø         |                    |                            |                    |
| 9882- 29 ØD            |                    |                            |                    |
| 9884- 52 55 4E         | 1500 .E            | Y 'RUN' \$ØD \$ØØ          | TURN OFF RIN       |
| 9887- ØD ØØ            |                    | •                          | ,                  |
|                        | 151#               |                            |                    |
|                        | 1520 ; The TOUTFL  | POKE should be in your B   | ASIC program.      |
|                        |                    | may also be in your BASI   |                    |
|                        | 1540 ; be executed | before the first INPUT,    | so that subcouting |
|                        | 1550 : RIN can be  | turned off by the \$00 fo  | llowing RIN.       |
|                        | 1569               |                            |                    |
|                        | 157Ø .E            | N                          |                    |
|                        |                    |                            |                    |

### MACHINE LANGUAGE FLOATING POINT ARITHMETIC

Perhaps the easiest way of learning to design Assemblers, Interpreters, Arithmetic Packages, Data Management Systems, Disk Operating Systems, Compilers, etc., is to study the "works of the masters" and learn by example. With this thought in mind, we have been using Hissink's DISARAE, and an even more powerful disassembler, to "reverse engineer" BAS-1, SYM/FODS, RAE-1, CODOS, and every other piece of 6502 object code from which we felt we could learn something new.

We have been asked if it were possible to write a floating point package for the SYM. The answer is yes, but rather than starting from scratch, we prefer to "research" to see how others have done the job, and, to paraphrase Newton, "stand on the shoulders of giants". A direct copy, or even a "paraphrase", without permission or acknowledgement, is plagiarism. An enhancement, a major modification, a synthesis of the works of others, a conversion to another system, published or marketed in such a way as not to injure potential sales of the original product is neither illegal, immoral, nor fattening! We will now answer the floating point question in our usual roundabout way:

Apple II, the one with Integer BASIC, but not the II + with the Applesoft (Microsoft!) BASIC, contains an interpreter known as SWEET16. Interpreters of this class accept programs written in a set of "pseudo-operation" codes designed to make programming easier for a specialized class of problems. The SWEET16 interpreter makes a 6502 system "behave" as if it were a 16 bit (integer) processor.

While Apple's Integer BASIC handles 16 bit integer arithmetic, it does so very slowly, compared to machine language (ML) equivalents. SWEET16 interprets at a rate closer to ML, but is easier to program, since the pseudo-ops are essentially "macro"-instructions. SWEET16 programs may be assembled by hand, or by a SWEET16 assembler. In fact RAE-1 has a "flag" at \$0132 so that a SWEET16 (or any other assembler, for that matter) may be "patched" to RAE-1, making use of all of RAE's text editing capabilities. The LISA Assembler for the Apple also includes an assembler for SWEET16 mnemonics.

MEAN14, by R. M. Mottola, works with Applesoft BASIC to provide five byte floating point arithmetic at least ten times faster than the BABIC. We have been working off-and-on to rewrite MEAN14 for the SYM-1/BAS-1 system, but have not yet finished the task. For those who have asked, we print below our INCOMPLETE conversion, leaving the completion as an "exercise for the student", and refer the reader to Mr. Mottola's articles, cited below, for the necessary details. For "extra credit", why not add the trig functions as well? A good follow-up "exercise", of value to the entire 6502 community would be a MEAN14 Assembler. For SYM-1 users this should be "called" from RAE-1 by setting the flag at \$6132.

Note that MEM (memory location) is passed to the BASIC subroutines through the A,Y register pair. We have not yet found a good entry point for converting INPUT ASCII to floating point but the subroutine at \$DB9A converts the floating point number in FPAC1 to ASCII at \$6166-\$616F, with a terminator byte of \$66, making it very simple to print out the results. Try running a program such as:

10 A = 123.456 : REM TRY VARIOUS VALUES 20 PRINT A 30 X = USR(&"8035",0) RUN

1977, pp. 150 - 159.

**#21#** FPAC2

Ø22Ø

From SUPERMON, .V 1000, 101F <cr> to see the ASCII representation of A, and reenter BASIC with .8 0 <cr>. Try using values for A which will force the "E" representation of the value. Incidentally, these (in addition to the stack, of course) 16 bytes are the only useage of page one by BASIC. The remainder of page one is yours to use.

The combination of MEAN14 with the existing BAS-1 ROM will provide a very easy-to-use and easy-to-implement floating point capability operating at near ML speeds.

### REFERENCES:

Mottola, R. M., "Applesoft Floating Point Routines", MICRO, August, 1980, pp. 27:53 - 27:55.

Mottola, R. M., "MEAN 14: A Pseudo-Machine Floating Point Processor for the Apple II", MICRO, September, 1980, pp. 28:67 - 28:71. Wozniak, Stephen, "SWEET16: The 6502 Dream Machine", BYTE, November,

```
0010 : >>>>> MEAN14 FOR THE SYM-1 <<<<<<
ØØ2Ø
9939 : SEE CITED ARTICLE(6) BY MOTTOLA FOR DETAILS
8848 : NOT YET COMPLETE OR OPERABLE!!!!
9050 : NO WARRANTY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED
0060 : GOOD LUCK IN FINISHING THE JOB!
887B
ØØ8Ø
                .BA $9000
$100 ; Not yet sure where these should be placed.
$110; but they are not used by BAS-1
9129
Ø13Ø TMPL
                .DE $E9
Ø14Ø TMPH
                DE $EA
Ø15Ø MPCL
                .DE $4C
Ø16Ø MPCH
                .DE $4D
Ø17Ø
Ø180 : START BYTES OF THE TWO FLOATING ACCUMULATORS
Ø19Ø
0200 FPAC1
                .DE $B1 -
```

.DE \$B9

```
$238 | ENTRY POINTS FOR SELECTED BAS-1 SUBROUTINES
                                                                                                                Ø88Ø :
                   074B
                                                                                               9043- B1 4C
                                                                                                                Ø89Ø ABSOLUTE
                                                                                                                                 LDA (MPCL),Y
                  \theta 25\theta; MEM = (A,Y) = (ADL, ADH)
                                                                                               9045- 48
                                                                                                                0900
                                                                                                                                 PHA
                  0260 : MEM2 = (X,Y) = (ADL, ADH)
                                                                                               9046- CB
                                                                                                                0910
                                                                                                                                 INY
                   8278
                                                                                               9047- B1 4C
                                                                                                                Ø97A
                                                                                                                                 LDA (MPCL),Y
                  Ø28Ø LDAC1
                                   .DE $D958
                                                                > FPACI
                                                                                               9049- 48
                                                                                                                Ø93Ø
                                                                                                                                 PHA
                  Ø29Ø LDAC2
                                   .DE $D842
                                                 : MEM
                                                                > FPAC2
                                                                                               904A- 90 TOA
                                                                                                                Ø94Ø
                                                                                                                                 BCC SET2COUNT
                  Ø3ØØ FPADD
                                                                                                                                                       : ALMAYS
                                   .DE $D61D
                                                 : MEM + FPAC1 > FPAC1
                                                                                                                Ø95Ø :
                  Ø31Ø FPSUB
                                   .DE $DAØD
                                                . I MEM - FPAC1 > FPAC1
                                                                                               904C- A5 4C
                                                                                                                0960 IMEDIATE
                                                                                                                                 LDA #MPCL
                  Ø32Ø FPMUL
                                   .DE $D7DE
                                                 ; MEM # FPAC1 > FPAC1
                                                                                               904E- 48
                                                                                                                Ø97Ø
                                                                                                                                 PHA
                  6336 FPDV1
                                   .DE $D8C5
                                                   MEM / FPAC1 > FPAC1
                                                                                               904F- A5 4D
                                                                                                                Ø98Ø
                                                                                                                                 LDA IMPCH
                  #34# FPDV2
                                   .DE $D8C5
                                                 : FPAC2 / MEH > FPAC1
                                                                                               9951- 48
                                                                                                                Ø99Ø
                                                                                                                                 PHA
                  Ø35Ø FPRND
                                   .DE $D9D1
                                                 : 0.5 + FPAC1 > FPAC1
                                                                                               9952~ A9 Ø5
                                                                                                                1000 SETSCOUNT
                                                                                                                                LDA #$#5
                  Ø36Ø FPSTR
                                   .DE $D98D
                                                         FPAC1 > MEM2: [MEM2=(K,Y)]
                                                                                               9054- 90 02
                                                                                                                1010
                                                                                                                                 BCC COUNT
                                                                                                                                              : ALWAYS
                  Ø37Ø TR2>1
                                   .DE #D9B2
                                                         FPAC2 > FPAC1
                                                                                                                1020 :
                  Ø38Ø TR1>2
                                   .DE $D9C5
                                                         FPAC1 > FPAC2
                                                                                              9056- A9 02
                                                                                                               1030 SET2COUNT
                                                                                                                                LDA #$#2
                  Ø39Ø FPSGN
                                   .DE #D9EF
                                                    SGN(FPAC1) > FPAC1
                                                 1
                                                                                              9058- 20 61 90
                                                                                                               1040 COUNT
                                                                                                                                 JSR COUNT.PC
                  6466 FPARS
                                                    ABS(FPAC1) > FPAC1
                                   .DE *DAØE
                                                 :
                                                                                              9058- 68
                                                                                                                1050
                                                                                                                                PLA
                  Ø41Ø FPINT
                                   .DE $DA82
                                                    INT(FPAC1) > FPAC1
                                                                                               905C- A8
                                                                                                               1060
                                                                                                                                TAY
                  Ø42Ø FPSQR
                                   .DE #DCF3
                                                    SQR(FPAC1) > FPAC1
                                                                                              9Ø5D- 68
                                                                                                               1070
                                                                                                                                PLA
                  Ø43Ø FPLOG
                                   .DE $D7AØ
                                                    LOG(FPAC1) > FPAC1
                                                                                              9Ø5E- 6Ø
                                                                                                               1080 IMPLIED
                                                                                                                                RTS
                  9449 FPEXP
                                   .DE *DCFA
                                                 ; FPAC2 ^ MEM > FPAC1
                                                                                                               1090
                  Ø45Ø INT>FP
                                   .DE $D14C
                                                       [(Y.A)] > FPAC1
                                                                                              905F- A9 Ø1
                                                                                                               1100 INC.PC
                                                                                                                                LDA ###1
                  Ø46Ø FP>INT
                                   .DE #CF79
                                                   INT(FPAC1) > ($84,$85) (HI, LO)
                                                                                              7061- 18
                                                                                                               1110 COUNT.PC
                                                                                                                                CLC
                  Ø47Ø ASCII.OUT
                                  .DE $DB9A
                                                 ; ASC$(FPAC1) > ($100-$11F)
                                                                                              9062- 65 4C
                                                                                                               1120
                                                                                                                                ADC MMPCL
                  Ø48Ø
                                                                                              9864~ 85 4C
                                                                                                               1130
                                                                                                                                STA MMPCL
 9000- 68
                  Ø49Ø MEAN14
                                  PLA
                                                                                              9066- 90 03
                                                                                                               1140
                                                                                                                                BCC NO. CARRY
 9001-85 4C
                  Ø50Ø
                                  STA IMPCL
                                                                                              9068- E6 4D
                                                                                                               1150
 9003- 68
                                                                                                                                INC *MPCH
                  Ø51Ø
                                  PLA
                                                                                              906A- 18
                                                                                                               1160
 9004- 85 4D
                                                                                                                                CLC
                  0520
                                  STA #MPCH
                                                                                              906B- AØ ØØ
                                                                                                               1170 NO. CARRY
                                                                                                                                LDY #$00
 9006- 20 5F 90
                 Ø53Ø
                                  JSR INC.PC
                                                                                              906D- 60
                                                                                                               118Ø
                 Ø54Ø GO.ON
                                                                                                                                RTS
 9009- 20 OF 90
                                  JSR GET.DO
                                                                                                               1190 :
 900C- 4C 09 90
                 Ø55Ø
                                  JMP GO.ON
                                                                                              986E- AA
                                                                                                               1266 STORE
                                                                                                                                TAX
                  Ø56Ø :
                                                                                              906F- 4C 8D D9
 900F- AØ ØØ
                                                                                                               1210
                                                                                                                                JMP FPSTR
                  0570 GET.DO
                                  LDY #$66
                                                                                                               1220 :
 9Ø11- B1 4C
                 9589
                                  LDA (MPCL) Y
                                                                                              9072- 85 E9
                                                                                                               123Ø CONV1
                                                                                                                                STA *TMPL
 9013- AA
                 Ø59Ø
                                  TAX
                                                                                              9074- 84 EA
                                                                                                               1240
                                                                                                                                STY #TMPH
 9014- 29 3F
                 Ø6ØØ
                                  AND #43F
                                                                                              9076- AØ ØØ
                                                                                                               1250
                                                                                                                                LDY #$ØØ
 9016- 0A
                 Ø61Ø
                                  ASL A
                                                                                              9078- B1 E9
                                                                                                               1260
                                                                                                                               LDA (TMPL) Y
 9017- AB
                 Ø62Ø
                                  TAY
                                                                                              907A- 48
                                                                                                               1279
                                                                                                                                PHA
 9018- C8
                 Ø63Ø
                                  INY
                                                                                              907B- C8
                                                                                                              128Ø
                                                                                                                                INY
 7019- B9 A0 90
                 Ø64Ø
                                  LDA SUBTBL.Y
                                                                                              907C- B1 E9
                                                                                                              1290 CONV1A
                                                                                                                               LDA (TMPL),Y
9#1C- 48
                 Ø65Ø
                                  PHA
                                                                                              907E- A8
                                                                                                              1300
                                                                                                                               TAY
901D- 88
                 Ø66Ø
                                  DEY
                                                                                              907F- 68
                                                                                                              1310
                                                                                                                               PLA
901E- B9 A0 90
                                  LDA SUBTBL, Y
                 Ø67Ø
                                                                                             9080- 20 4C D1
                                                                                                              1320
                                                                                                                               JSR INT>FP
9021- 48
                 BARG
                                  PHA
                                                                                             9083- A5 B6
                                                                                                              1330
                                                                                                                               LDA *FPAC1+5
9022- 20 5F 90
                 Ø69Ø
                                  JSR INC.PC
                                                                                              9Ø85- 1Ø Ø7
                                                                                                              1340
                                                                                                                               BPL NO. OP
9Ø25~ 8A
                 9798 FIND. MODE
                                  TXA
                                                                                             9Ø87- A9 C4
                                                                                                              1350
                                                                                                                               LDA #L. VALUE1
9#26- 29 C#
                 9719
                                  AND ##CØ
                                                                                             9089- AØ 90
                                                                                                              136Ø
                                                                                                                               LDY WH. VALUE1
9028- FØ 34
                 Ø72Ø
                                  BEQ IMPLIED
                                                                                             908B- 20 1D D6
                                                                                                              1370
                                                                                                                               JSR FPADD
902A- 10 20
                 Ø73Ø
                                  BPL IMEDIATE
                                                                                             9Ø8E- 6Ø
                                                                                                              1380 NO. OP
902C- 29 40
                                                                                                                               RTS
                 0740
                                  AND #$46
                                                                                                              1390 :
9Ø2E- DØ 13
                 Ø75Ø
                                  BNE ABSOLUTE
                                                                                             908F- 85 F9
                                                                                                              1400 CONV2
                                                                                                                               STA #TMPL
9030- B1 4C
                 Ø76Ø INDIRECT
                                  LDA (MPCL),Y
                                                                                             9Ø91- 84 EA
                                                                                                              1410
                                                                                                                               STY *TMPH
9Ø32- 85 E9
                 Ø77Ø
                                  STA STMPL
                                                                                             9093- AØ Ø1
                                                                                                              1420
                                                                                                                               LDY #$Ø1
9Ø34~ CB
                 Ø78Ø
                                  INY
                                                                                             9Ø95- B1 E9
                                                                                                              1430
                                                                                                                               LDA (TMPL).Y
9035- B1 4C
                 Ø79Ø
                                  LDA (MPCL), Y
                                                                                             9097- 48
                                                                                                              1440
                                                                                                                               PHA
9037- 85 EA
                 Ø8ØØ
                                  STA #TMPH
                                                                                             9098-88
                                                                                                              1450
9039-88
                                                                                                                               DEY
                 Ø81Ø
                                  DEY
                                                                                             9099~ FØ E1
                                                                                                              1460
                                                                                                                               BEQ CONVIA | ALMAYS!
903A- B1 E9
                 Ø82Ø
                                 LDA (TMPL),Y
                                                                                                              1470 :
903C- 48
                 0830
                                 PHA
                                                                                             9Ø9B- 68
                                                                                                              148Ø RETRN
                                                                                                                               PLA
903D- CB
                 Ø840
                                  INY
                                                                                             7Ø7C- 68
                                                                                                              1490
                                                                                                                               PLA
903E- B1 E9
                 Ø85Ø
                                 LDA (TMPL),Y
                                                                                             909D- 6C 4C 00
                                                                                                              1500
9040- 48
                                                                                                                               JMP (MPCL)
                 Ø86Ø
                                 PHA
                                                                                                              1510 ;
9041- 90 13
                 Ø87Ø
                                 BCC SET2COUNT
                                                        ;ALWAYS SYM-PHYSIS 10:7
                                                                                             (continued to page 14)
```

| ; >>>PAR1  | TAL "90  | URCE CODE" FOR BAS-1<<<  |   |      | AC1.0    | .DE \$88 ACCUM#1: OVERFLOW (HI-ORDER)    |
|------------|----------|--|---|------|----------|--|
| ;          |          |  |   |      | AC2.E    | .DE \$B9 ACCUM#2: EXPONENT               |
| COURTESY A | . J. HI  | SSINK, STEVE COLE, JACK BROWN.   |   |      | AC2.M    | .DE \$BA ACCUM#2: MANTISSA               |
| AND OH, SE | MANY O   | THERS!   | •   |      | AC2.S    | .DE \$BE ACCUMW2: SIGN                   |
| ;          |          | ***************************************  |   |      | SGNCMP   | .DE \$BF SIGN COMPARISON AC1 VS AC2      |
|            | .BA \$CØ | 9101   |   |      | AC1.R    | .DE \$CØ ACCUM#1: ROUNDING (LO-ORDER)    |
|            | .MC *CØ  |  |   |      | SERPTR   | .DE \$C1 SERIES POINTER                  |
|            | .05      |  |   | ØØ72 | TRIGP    | .DE \$C3 TRIG JUMP                       |
|            | . 03     | •  |   | ØØ73 | TAPESV   | .DE \$C6 TAPE SAVE JUMP                  |
| )          | DE #66   | JUMP TO WARM START   |   | ØØ74 | TAPELD   | .DE \$C9 TAPE LOAD JUMP                  |
|            |          | JUMP TO MESSAGE SUB  |   | 9975 | CHRGET   | .DE \$CC GET NEXT CHARACTER              |
| JUMP3      |          |  |   |      | CHRGOT   | .DE \$D2 REGET LAST CHARACTER            |
| VECT6      | .DE \$96 | VECTOR FLOATING TO INTEGER SUB   |   |      | TXTPTR   | .DE \$D3 TEXT POINTER                    |
|            |          | VECTOR INTEGER TO FLOATING SUB   |   |      | RANDOM   | .DE \$E4 RANDOM NUMBER SEED              |
| USRJMP     |          | JUMP TO USER ROUTINE   |   | ØØ79 |          | ,  |
| SEARCH     |          | SEARCH CHARACTER   |   |      |          | MEMORY ALLOCATIONS                       |
| SCAN       |          | SCAN CHARACTER   |   |      | •        | HEIGHT HELDONIZONO                       |
| IBUPTR     |          | INPUT BUFFER POINTER   |   | ØØ81 | PGONE    | DE \$100 POINTER TO PAGE ONE             |
| TYPE       |          | FF-STRING ØØ-NUMERIC   |   |      |          |  |
| TYPEF      | .DE \$12 | FF=INTEGER ##-FLOATINT PT  |   |      | PROGRAM  | . DE 1200 SINKI OF SOUNCE PROGRAMI       |
| FLG13      | .DE \$13 | FLAG- DATA SCAN; LIST QUOTE  |   | ØØ84 |          |  |
| FLG14      |          | SUBSCRIPT FLG; FNX FLG   |   |      |          | NITOR ROUTINES USED                      |
| TYPFLG     |          | 00-INPUT; 40-GET; 98-READ  |   | ØØ86 |          |  |
|            | .DE \$16 |  |   |      | ASCNIB   | .DE \$8275 CONVERT ASCII TO LO 4 BITS    |
| INPFLG     |          | INPUT FLG (SUPPRESS OUTPUT)  |   |      | INSTAT   | .DE \$8386 SEE IF KEY DOWN               |
| NULLS      | .DE \$18 |  |   | ØØ89 | INCHR    | .DE \$8A1B INPUT CHAR                    |
| PR.POS     |          | POSITION ON PRINT LINE   |   | ØØ9Ø | OUTCHR   | .DE \$8A47 MON CHAR OUT                  |
|            |          | TERMINAL WIDTH   |   | ØØ91 | ACCESS   | .DE \$8886 UNWRITE PROTECT SYS RAM       |
| TWIDTH     |          | INPUT COLUMN LIMIT   |   | ØØ92 | LOADT    | .DE \$8C78 MONITOR TAPE IN ROUTINE       |
| COLLIM     |          |  |   |      | DUMPT    | .DE \$8E87 MONITOR TAPE OUT ROUTINE      |
| LINNUM     |          | LINE NUMBER  |   | ØØ94 |          |  |
|            | .DE \$1E | OLD BUFFER POINTER   |   |      |          | SYSTEM RAM LOCATIONS                     |
| DISSTK     | .DE \$66 | POINTER TO DESCRIPTOR STACK  |   |      | •        | 3,0,2,, .,,,,                            |
| ADRPTR1    | .DE \$72 | ADDRESS PTR FOR TEXT INSERTION   |   |      | TEAD     | .DE \$A64A TAPE END ADDRESS              |
| ADRPTR2    |          | ADDRESS PTR FOR TEXT INSERTION   |   |      |          | DE \$464C TAPE START ADDRESS             |
| PROD       |          | PRODUCT AREA FOR MULTIPLICATION  |   |      | TSAD     |  |
| PSAD       |          | START SOURCE TEXT  |   |      | ID       | .DE \$A64E TAPE HEX ID                   |
| VSAD       | .DE \$7D | START SIMPLE VARIABLES   |   | Ø1ØØ |          |  |
| ASAD       | .DE \$7F | START ARRAY VARIABLES  | CØØØ- 4C 6D DE                            | Ø1Ø1 | BASCOLD  | JMP INIT.ZPAGE                           |
|            |          | VARIABLES END ADDRESS  |   | 0102 |          |  |
|            |          | STRINGS START ADDRESS  | CØØ3- 23 C6                               | 0103 | ADRKEYWO | D .SI END-1 ;action addr for primary key |
| SEAD       |          | STRINGS END ADDRESS  | CØØ5 34 C5                                | Ø1Ø4 |          | .SI FOR-1                                |
|            |          | LAST AVAILAVLE RAM LOC   | CØØ7- D7 CA                               | Ø1Ø5 | i .      | .SI NEXT-1                               |
|            |          | CURRENT BASIC LINE NUMBER  | <b>CØØ9</b> 81 C7                         | Ø1Ø6 |          | .SI DATA-1                               |
|            |          |  | CØØB- B8 C9                               | Ø1Ø7 | ٠        | .SI INPUT-1                              |
| LSTLIN     | .DE #00  | POINTED, CTATEMENT FOR CONT  | CØØD- 54 CE                               | Ø1Ø8 | !<br>!   | .SI DIM-1                                |
| CONTPTR    | .DE ≯80  | PUINIER: SIMILITEN FOR COM   | C##F- E4 C9                               | Ø1Ø9 |          | .SI READ-1                               |
| DATALIN    | DE PER   | PREVIOUS LINE NUMBER POINTER: STATEMENT FOR CONT CURRENT DATA LINE NUMBER CURRENT DATA ADDR SOURCE OF INPUT CURRENT VARIABLE NAME CURRENT VARIABLE ADDRESS VARIABLE AD POINTER | CØ11- 2E C8                               | Ø11Ø |          | .SI LET-1                                |
| DATADR     | .UE \$91 | CURRENT UMIN MUUN  | CØ13- 2E C7                               |      |          | .8I GOTO-1                               |
| INPVEC     | .DE \$93 | SUURUE UP INTUI  | CØ15- Ø6 C7                               | 0117 |          | .SI RUN-1                                |
| CURVARNAM  | DE \$95  | CURRENT VARIABLE NAME  | CØ13- 98 C/                               | 2112 |          | .SI IF-1                                 |
| CURVARADR  | .DE \$97 | CURRENT VARIABLE ADDRESS   | CØ15- Ø6 C7<br>CØ17- B1 C7<br>CØ19- Ø9 C6 | 0113 | •        | .SI RESTORE-1                            |
| VADPTR     |          |  | CB19- B9 C6                               | 9114 |          |  |
| STXPTR     | .DE \$9E | SAVE TEXT POINTER  | CØ18- 11 C7                               | 0115 | 1        | .SI GOSUB-1                              |
| FUNDIS     | .DE \$9E | POINTER TO FUNCTION DESCRIPTION  | CØ1D- 5B C7                               | Ø116 | 1        | .SI RETURN-1                             |
| WORKPTR    | .DE \$A@ | WORK POINTER   | CØ1F- C4 C7                               | Ø117 |          | .SI REM-1                                |
| GARBAG     | .DE \$A3 |  | C#21- 21 C6                               | Ø118 |          | .SI STOP-1                               |
| FUNJMP     |          | JUMP VECT FOR FUNCTIONS  | CØ23- D4 C7                               | Ø119 |          | .SI ON-1                                 |
| WORKAREA   | .DF \$∆7 | MISC NUMERIC WORK AREA   | CØ25- 64 C6                               | Ø120 | ı        | .SI NULL-1                               |
|            | DE \$AE  |  | CØ27- E2 D5                               | Ø121 |          | .9I WAIT-1                               |
| VECT1      |          |  | CØ29- B6 C6                               | Ø122 |          | .SI LOAD-1                               |
| VECT2      | .DE \$AA |  | CØ2B- 75 C6                               | Ø123 |          | .SI SAVE-1                               |
|            |          | BLOCK TRANSFER POINTER   | C#2D~ 6B D1                               | Ø124 |          | .SI DEF-1                                |
|            |          | BLOCK TRANSFER POINTER   | C#2F- D9 D5                               | Ø125 |          | .SI POKE-1                               |
|            |          | ACCUM#1: EXPONENT  |   |      |          |  |
|            |          | ACCUM#1: MANTISSA  | CØ31- BD CB                               | Ø126 |          | .SI PRINT-1                              |
|            | DC 404   | ACCUM#1: SIGN  | CØ33- 4A C6                               | Ø127 |          | .SI CONT-1                               |
| AC1.5      | · DE ADC | SERIES EVALUATION CONSTANT PTR   | CØ35- AC C4                               | Ø128 |          | .SI LIST-1                               |

| CØ37- 71 C4                | Ø129                | .SI CLEAR-1                                    | CØAD- 49 C6 Ø188                        | .BY 'I' \$C6                     | : IF             |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--|---|----------------------------------|------------------|
| CØ39- Ø1 DØ                | 0130                | .BI FCERROR-1   BET not implemented            | CØAF- 52 45 53 Ø189                     | BY 'RESTOR' \$C5                 | RESTORE          |
| C#38~ 55 C4                | Ø131                | .SI NEW-1                                      | CØB2- 54 4F 52                          | TO RESTOR TES                    | INCOTONE         |
| CØ30- EF D9                | Ø132 ;              | me man   | CØB5 C5                                 |                                  |                  |
| CØ3F- 82 DA                | Ø133 ADRFUN<br>Ø134 | .SI SBN ;action addr for functions             | CØB6- 47 4F 53 Ø19Ø                     | .BY 'GOSU' \$C2                  | ; GOSUB          |
| CØ41- ØE DA                | Ø135                | SI INT   | CØB9- 55 C2                             |                                  | ,                |
| CØ43- ØA ØØ                | Ø136                |  | CØBB- 52 45 54 Ø191                     | BY 'RETUR' \$CE                  | :RETURN          |
| CØ45- 38 D1                | Ø137                | .SI USRJMP ;actually starts at \$CDBD! .SI FRE | CØBE- 55 52 CE                          |                                  | •                |
| CØ47- 59 D1                | Ø138                | .SI POS  | CØC1- 52 45 CD Ø192                     | .BY 'RE' \$CD                    | ; RÉM            |
| CØ49- F3 DC                | Ø139                | .SI SQR  | C0C4- 53 54 4F Ø193                     | .BY 'STO' \$DØ                   | ; STOP:          |
| CØ48- 14 DE                | Ø14Ø                | .SI RND  | CØC7- DØ                                |                                  |                  |
| CØ4D- AØ D7                | Ø141                | .SI LOG  | CØC8- 4F CE Ø194<br>CØCA- 4E 55 4C Ø195 | .BY '0' \$CE                     | 3 ON             |
| CØ4F- 6F DD                | Ø142                | .SI EXP  | CØCA- 4E 55 4C Ø195<br>CØCD- CC         | BY 'NUL' #CC                     | ; NULL           |
| CØ51- C3 ØØ                | Ø143                | .SI TRIGP                                      | CØCE- 57 41 49 Ø196                     | .BY 'WAI' \$D4                   | - MATT           |
| CØ53- C3 ØØ                | Ø144                | .SI TRIGP                                      | CØD1- D4                                | •04 THW 10•                      | WAIT             |
| CØ55- C3 ØØ                | Ø145                | .SI TRIGP                                      | CØD2- 4C 4F 41 Ø197                     | .BY 'LOA' \$C4                   | : LOAD           |
| CØ57- C3 ØØ<br>CØ59- C3 D5 | Ø146                | .SI TRIGP                                      | CØD5- C4                                | 101 101 701                      | , Lond           |
| CØ58- 31 D5                | Ø147<br>Ø148        | .SI PEEK                                       | CØD6- 53 41 56 Ø198                     | .BY 'SAV' \$C5                   | SAVE             |
| CØ5D- 1E D2                | Ø149                | .SI LEN  | CØD9 C5                                 | _                                | ,                |
| CØ5F- 62 D5                | Ø15Ø                | .SI VAL  | CØDA- 44 45 C6 Ø199                     | .BY 'DE' \$C6                    | ; DEF            |
| CØ61- 4Ø D5                | Ø151                | .SI ASC  | CØDD- 50 4F 4B 0200                     | .BY 'POK' \$C5                   | POKE             |
| CØ63- A1 D4                | <b>9152</b>         | .SI CHR  | CØEØ- C5                                | •                                |                  |
| CØ65- B5 D4                | Ø153                | .SI LEFT                                       | CØE1- 5Ø 52 49 Ø2Ø1                     | .BY 'PRIN' \$D4                  | ;PRINT           |
| CØ67- E1 D4                | Ø154                | .SI RIGHT                                      | CØE4- 4E D4<br>CØE6- 43 4F 4E Ø2Ø2      | DV 100411 404                    |                  |
| CØ69- EC D4                | Ø155                | -SI MID  | CØE6- 43 4F 4E Ø202<br>CØE9- D4         | .BY 'CON' \$D4                   | CONT             |
|                            | Ø156 ;              |  | CØEA- 4C 49 53 Ø2Ø3                     | .BY 'LIS' \$D4                   | at the           |
| CØ6B- 79                   | Ø157 ADROPER        | -BY \$79 ;hierarchy and action addresses       | CØED- D4                                | .D1 C15 *D4                      | ;LIST            |
| CØ6C- 1F D6<br>CØ6E- 79    | Ø158                | -SI ADD-1 ; for operators                      | CØEE- 43 4C 45 Ø2Ø4                     | .BY 'CLEA' \$D2                  | CLEAR            |
| CØ6F- Ø8 D6                | Ø159<br>Ø16Ø        | .BY \$79                                       | CØF1- 41 D2                             | 77. 522. 722                     | CLEFAC           |
| CØ71- 7B                   | Ø161                | .SI MINUS-1<br>.BY \$7B                        | CØF3- 47 45 D4 Ø2Ø5                     | .BY 'GE' \$D4                    | ;GET             |
| CØ72- EØ D7                | Ø162                | .SI MULT-1                                     | CØF6- 4E 45 D7 Ø2Ø6                     | .BY 'NE' \$D7                    | NEW              |
| CØ74- 7B                   | Ø163                | .BY \$7B                                       | CØF9- 54 41 42 Ø2Ø7                     | .BY 'TAB' \$AB                   | ; TAB (          |
| CØ75- C7 D8                | Ø164                | .SI DIVIDE-1                                   | CØFC- A8                                |                                  |                  |
| CØ77- 7F                   | Ø165                | .BY \$7F                                       | CØFD- 54 CF Ø2Ø8                        | .BY 'T' *CF                      | ; TO             |
| CØ78- FC DC                | Ø166                | -SI EXPON-1                                    | CØFF- 46 CE Ø2Ø9                        | .BY 'F' ¢CE                      | ;FN ,            |
| CØ7A- 5Ø                   | <b>5167</b>         | .BY \$50                                       | C101- 53 50 43 0210<br>C104- A8         | .BY 'SPC' \$A8                   | ;SPC(            |
| CØ7B- 27 CD                | Ø168                | ·SI AND-1                                      | C105- 54 48 45 0211                     | .BY 'THE' \$CE                   | - THEN           |
| CØ7D- 46                   | Ø169                | .BY \$46                                       | C108- CE                                | .D) THE VE                       | ; THEN           |
| CØ7E- 24 CD<br>CØ8Ø- 7D    | Ø17 <b>Ø</b>        | -81 OR-1                                       | C109- 4E 4F D4 0212                     | .BY 'NO' \$D4                    | INOT             |
| CØB1- 35 DD                | Ø171<br>Ø172        | .BY \$7D                                       | C10C+ 53 54 45 0213                     | .BY 'STE' +DØ                    | STEP             |
| CØ83- 5A                   | Ø173                | .SI GREATER-1<br>.BY \$5A                      | C1ØF DØ                                 |                                  | ,                |
| CØ84- 73 CC                | Ø174                | SI EQUAL-1                                     | C110- AB 0214                           | .BY \$AB ;+                      |                  |
| CØ86- 64                   | Ø175                | .BY \$64                                       | C111- AD Ø215                           | .BY \$AD ;-                      |                  |
| CØ87- 54 CD                | Ø176                | .SI LESS-1                                     | C112- AA Ø216                           | -BY \$AA ;*                      |                  |
|                            | Ø177 ;              |  | C113- AF Ø217                           | BY SAF                           | •                |
| CØ89- 45 4E C4             | Ø178 KEYWD          | .BY 'EN' \$C4 ; END                            | C114- DE                                | BY DE 1                          |                  |
| CØ8C- 46 4F D2             | 9179                | BY 'FO' \$D2 FOR                               | C115- 41 4E C4 Ø219<br>C118- 4F D2 Ø22Ø | BY 'AN' \$C4 ; AND               |                  |
| CØ8F- 4E 45 58             | 6180                | BY 'NEX' \$D4   NEXT                           | C116- 4F D2 8228<br>C11A- BE 8221       | .BY 'O' \$D2 ; OR<br>.BY \$BE ;> |                  |
| CØ92- D4                   | <b>4101</b>         | <b>***</b>                                     | C11B- BD #222                           | .BY \$BE ;>                      |                  |
| CØ93- 44 41 54<br>CØ96- C1 | <b>9</b> 181        | BY 'DAT' \$C1   DATA                           | C11C- BC Ø223                           | .BY \$BC ;<                      |                  |
| CØ97- 49 4E 5Ø             | A1R2                | DV 2 TAIDI (2 ATA                              | C11D- 53 47 CE Ø224                     | .BY 'SG' \$CE                    | ; SGN            |
| CØ9A- 55 D4                | D101                | -BY 'INPU' \$D4 ; INPUT                        | C120- 49 4E D4 0225                     | .BY 'IN' \$D4                    | ; INT            |
| CØ9C- 44 49 CD             | 8183                | .BY 'DI' SCD IDIN                              | C123- 41 42 D3 Ø226                     | .BY 'AB' \$D3                    | ABS              |
| CØ9F- 52 45 41             |                     |  | C126- 55 53 D2 0227                     | BY 'US' \$D2                     | USR              |
| CØA2- C4                   | w·                  | .BY 'REA' \$C4 ;READ                           | C129- 46 52 C5 Ø228                     | .BY 'FR' \$C5                    | FRE              |
| CØA3- 4C 45 D4             | Ø185                | .BY 'LE' \$D4   LET                            | C12C- 50 4F D3 0229                     | .BY 'PO' \$D3                    | ; POS            |
| CØA6- 47 4F 54             |                     | .BY 'GOT' \$CF ;GOTO                           | C12F- 53 51 D2 Ø23Ø                     | BY 'SQ' \$D2                     | SQR              |
| CØA9- CF                   |                     |  | C132- 52 4E C4 Ø231                     | .BY 'RN' \$C4                    | RND              |
| CØAA- 52 55 CE             | Ø187                | .BY 'RU' SCE IRUN                              | C135- 4C 4F C7                          | .BY 'LO' \$C7                    | ;L06             |
|                            |                     | SYM-PHYSIS 18:11                               | 0100 40 00 0m 0200                      | .BY 'EX' \$DØ                    | ; EXP            |
|                            |                     | SILLLUISIS INIII                               |   |                                  | SYM-PHYSIS 10:12 |
|                            |                     |  |   |                                  |                  |

| C13B- 43 4F D3 Ø234                  | .BA ,CO, #D2 1CO8                      |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| C13E- 53 49 CE Ø235                  | BY 'SI' SCE SIN                        |
| C141- 54 41 CE Ø236                  | .BY 'TA' SCE ITAN                      |
| C144- 41 54 CE Ø237                  | BY 'AT' SCE ATN                        |
| C147- 5Ø 45 45 Ø238                  | BY 'PEE' \$CB PEEK                     |
| C14A- CB                             | THE TOS THER                           |
| C14B- 4C 45 CE 0239                  | .BY 'LE' \$CE IFN                      |
| C14E- 53 54 52 Ø24Ø                  | BY STR' \$A4 STR\$                     |
| C151- A4                             | TEL SIN THE SERVE                      |
| C152- 56 41 CC Ø241                  | -BY 'VA' \$CC :VAL                     |
| C155- 41 53 C3 Ø242                  |  |
| C158- 43 48 52 Ø243                  | DV 10100                               |
| C15B- A4                             | BY CHR \$A4 3 CHR\$                    |
| C15C- 4C 45 46 Ø244                  | BY 'LEFT' \$A4 :LEFT'                  |
| C15F- 54 A4                          | -BY LEFT \$A4 ;LEFT\$                  |
| C161- 52 49 47 Ø245                  | BY 'RIGHT' \$A4 :RIGHTS                |
| C164- 48 54 A4                       | *BT 'RIGHT \$A4 ;RIGHT\$               |
| C167- 4D 49 44 Ø246                  | BY 'MID' \$A4 INTDE                    |
| C16A- A4                             | *BA .WID. #W4 \$WID#                   |
| C16B- 47 CF Ø247                     | .BY '6' \$CF .GO                       |
| C16D- 00 0248                        | .BY \$60 \$CF ;60                      |
| Ø249 ;                               |  |
|                                      | ERROR CODES                            |
| 0251 :                               |  |
| C16E- 4E C6 Ø252 BASMSG              | .BY \$4E \$C6 :NF                      |
| C170- 53 CE Ø253                     | BY \$53 \$CE :SN                       |
| C172- 52 C7 Ø254                     |  |
| C174- 4F C4 Ø255                     |  |
|                                      |  |
| C176- 46 C3 Ø256<br>C178- 4F D6 Ø257 | -BY \$46 \$C3 ;FC<br>-BY \$4F \$D6 ;OV |
|                                      | BY \$4F \$CD ;OM                       |
| C17A- 4F CD                          | BY \$55 \$D3 :US                       |
| C17E- 42 D3 Ø26Ø                     |  |
| C18Ø- 44 C4 Ø261                     |  |
| C182- 2F BØ Ø262                     |  |
| C184- 49 C4 Ø263                     |  |
| C186- 54 CD Ø264                     |  |
| C188- 4C D3 Ø265                     |  |
| C18A- 53 D4 Ø266                     |  |
| C18C- 43 CE Ø267                     |  |
| C18E- 55 C6 Ø268                     | -BY \$43 \$CE ;CN                      |
| 9269 ;                               | -BY \$55 \$C6 ;UF                      |
| C190- 20 45 52 0270 ERRMSG           | PV / Coppos com                        |
| C193- 52 4F 52                       | .BY 'ERROR' \$00                       |
| C196- 00                             |  |
| C197- 20 49 4E 0271 INMSG            | DV F THE FLORE                         |
| C19A- 20 00                          | .BY ' IN ' \$96                        |
| C19C- ØD ØA 4F Ø272 OKMSØ            | DV dan and and                         |
| C19F- 4B ØD ØA                       | .BY \$0D \$0A 'OK' \$0D \$0A \$00      |
| C1A2- ØØ                             |  |
| C1A3- ØD ØA 42 Ø273 BRKMSG           | DV 44D 454 100000                      |
| C1A6- 52 45 41                       | BY \$ØD \$ØA 'BREAK' \$ØØ              |
| C1A9- 4B ØØ                          |  |
| Ø274 ;                               | •                                      |
| 6275                                 | ,                                      |
| ¥2/3                                 | .EN                                    |

### (SYM-PASCAL - continued from page 24)

| (continued from      | page 8)     |                    |
|----------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 90A0- 57 D9          | 152Ø SUBTBL | .9I LDAC1-1        |
| 9 <b>6</b> A2~ 6D 90 | 153@        | .SI STORE-1        |
| 90A4- C4 D9          | 1540        | .SI TR1>2-1        |
| 9ØA6- B1 D9          | 1559        | .SI TR2>1-1        |
| 90A8- 1C D6          | 156Ø        | .SI FPADD-1        |
| 90AA- 0C D6          | 1570        | .SI FPSUB-1        |
| 96AC- DD D7          | 158Ø        | .SI FPMUL-1        |
| 90AE- C4 D8          | 159Ø        | .SI FPDV1-1        |
| 70B0- BD 90          | 1600        | .SI NO.OP-1        |
| 9082- F2 DC          | 1610        | .SI FPSQR-1        |
| 9ØB4- F9 DC          | 1620        | .SI FPEXP-1        |
| 90B6- B1 DA          | 163#        | .SI FPINT-1        |
| 90B8- 0D DA          | 1640        | .SI FPABS-1        |
| 90BA- EE D9          | 165Ø        | .SI FPSGN-1        |
| 9ØBC- 9F D7          | 1660        | .SI FPLOG-1        |
| 90BE- 71 90          | 1676        | .SI CONVI-1        |
| 90C0- 8E 90          | 168Ø        | .SI CONV2-1        |
| 9 <b>0</b> C2- 9A 9Ø | 1690        | .SI RETRN-1        |
|                      | 1700        | , 2                |
| 9ØC4- 9Ø ØØ ØØ       | 1710 VALUE1 | .BY \$90 \$00 \$00 |
| 90C7- 00 00          | 1720        | .BY \$00 \$00      |
|                      | 1739        |                    |
|                      | 1740        | . FN               |

### THE BASIC USER FUNCTION

The BAS-1 USR function has more parameter passing capability than the USR function as implemented in most earlier Microsoft BASICs. Also, there is no need to "POKE" the subroutine location, as in most other Microsoft BASICs. If you wish to have the values in the A,Y register pair returned correctly, however, your machine language program must not end with the usual RTS, but instead with either a JMP \$D14C or a JMP (\$9998). The BASIC subroutine at \$D14C converts an integer supplied to it in the A,Y register pair into a floating point number, and returns to the proper reentry point in BASIC with its own RTS. This floating point value is then assigned to the variable whose "name" was set equal to the USR function.

The purpose of this and the following brief notes is to point out alternate ways of passing parameters. First of all, the "final" parameter is also passed in the two page zero locations at \$84,\$85, as well as in A,Y, This may prove useful if the parameters are to be used several times. Remember that although BASIC stores its integers in hex format, the bytes are "reversed(?!)" from the usual 6502 format, with high byte first. The A,Y pair is passed as USR(LOCATION, 256\$A+Y) on the first call, or as USR(256\$A+Y) on succeeding calls to (the same)

Note that while Y may lie in the range  $\emptyset \Leftarrow Y \Leftarrow 255$ , you cannot pass values of A greater than 127. This is no real restriction, however, since the acceptable range for A is  $-128 \Leftarrow A \Leftarrow 127$ . To pass \$FF, set A = -1, to pass \$80, set A = -128, etc.

### ON INTEGER VARIABLES

You may also pass parameters as BASIC integer values, P1%, P2%, . . . . If the first line in your BASIC program assigns dummy values to these variables, then after RUN is "executed" the values of these parameters are at known locations, from which your subroutines may pick them up. RUN the program:

### 1P1%=10:P2%=100:P3%=1000

Exit BASIC with X=USR(&"8035",0) <cr>. Reentry from SUPERMON is with .8 SYM-PHYSIS 10:14

P. S. - We took a little "time-off" to follow the suggestion in the SYM-Pascal manual about which sections of the object code should be disassembled; examination of the thus-obtained source code indicates that "customization" to match your system requirements should be a very simple task.

<sup>&</sup>gt;>>PLEASE CONTACT SATURN SOFTWARE LIMITED FOR ANY FURTHER INFORMATION<<<

## CCT>. You will find the correct value pairs ### 80 6A, ### 6B, in the memory at the end of your BASIC program, with the pairs separated by seven bytes. The location of the first pair (high byte first!) is at the address in locations ### 100 byte first!) + 2. This technique of passing parameters as BASIC integers is very useful in graphics, music, and control applications. Your BASIC program can change the values of these parameters as desired, but the locations will remain fixed. AND NOW HERE COMES THE GOOD PART!!!!! You are not restricted to returning only a single pair of bytes through (A,Y). Return as many pairs as you wish, through P1%, P2%, . . .

Just recently, one of our readers phoned to ask about the "%" sign he had seen following variable names, and it was suggested that he reread the BAS-1 Reference Manual section on integer variables!!!! He pointed out that the Reference Manual had absolutely no mention of integer variables; much to our surprise this is true. Those of us familiar with BASIC before getting BAS-1 must just have assumed BAS-1 would have integer variables and did not realize they were not documented in the Manual!

Incidentally, the use of integer variables instead of floating point variables saves no space, and very little time, if any. The major advantage of using integer variables is the space saving in arrays (matrices), e.g., use AX(I,J,K), instead of A(I,J,K), if the entries are integers. A second advantage of integer variables is the close relation to hexadecimal form as illustrated above. Has any reader studied Microsoft BASIC enough to let us know under what conditions the use of integer variables will reduce computation time?

## A PATCH FOR DISARAE

Here is an improvement for Hissink's DISARAE, extracted from a letter from Dick Albers:

As originally published in SYM-PHYSIS, DISARAE wastes one, or, for certain instructions, two bytes per line, by inserting \$AØ (\$AØ = \$8Ø + \$2Ø = "negative space") as an end-of-line indicator. That can be a lot of bytes for a large program, such as RAE-1, or BAS-1. These new lines will correct the "problem" and save the bytes:

| 3900<br>3910 END.LINE<br>3912<br>3914 DECPTR<br>3916<br>3918<br>3920 | PHP<br>STY *YSAVE<br>LDY *PGM.PTR<br>DEY<br>STY *PGM.PTR | 3924<br>3926 MRKEND<br>3928<br>393Ø<br>3932<br>3932 | DEC #PGM.PTR+1<br>LDY ##00<br>LDA (PGM.PTR),Y<br>CMP ##20<br>BEQ DECPTR<br>ORA ##80 |
|--|--|---|---|
| 3920   | CPY ##FF   | 3934<br>3936  |   |
| 3922   | BNE MRKEND   | 3940  | BMI A.STORE+3   |

### FLOATING POINT AND HUEY II

So that you may better understand how Microsoft BASIC does its arithmetic, including series evaluations, we publish below a "derived" source code for the BAS-1 TRIG PATCH; this is well worth studying.

We would also like to remind you of HUEY II, a free-standing floating-point program, available in Manual form only, and only from the 6592 Program Exchange. If you really want to understand floating point arithmetic, including conversions to-and-fro, sophisticated computational algorithms, and "macro-string" programming, the HUEY II Manual is a must!

While we are not officially dealers for HUEY II, we do have permission to distribute a RAE-1 Format Source Code Cassette for HUEY II to those who order the HUEY II Manual and Cassette as a package.

SYM-PHYSIS 16:15

2000- A9 A0

2002- AØ ØF

2004-85 C4

2006- 84 C5

2008- 60

```
0010 :SOURCE CODE FOR (MODIFIED) BAS-1 TRIG PATCH
 9930 :The "original" source code appearing here was
 9646 : recreated by Tom Gettys from a study of the
 9950 ; published object code. It was slightly modi-
 0060 ;fied and compacted by Jack Brown to generate
 0070 ;a shorter object code than the published one.
 ØØ8Ø
 9990 :Wherever you choose to relocate this patch,
 0100 premember that it is the address of TRIGST
 0110 :that is to be installed in TRIGP, not the
 $120 ;.BA address, i.e., include the following
 0130 :link in your initialization:
 6146
 0150
                 - R∆ $2666
                              OR WHEREVER
 Ø16Ø
 Ø17Ø LINK
                 LDA #L.TRIGST
 418
                 LDY #H.TRIGST
 #1 9#
                 STA #TRIGP+1
 0200
                 STY #TRIGP+2
 Ø21Ø
                 RTS
 Ø22Ø
 9230 :Jack Brown has given us permission to reprint
9240 there the following (slightly modified) extract
0250 ; from his copyrighted SYM-BASIC extensions.
 Ø26Ø
Ø27Ø : **
            COPYRIGHT 1980 BY J. W. BROWN
                                              **
Ø28Ø : **
                 ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
                                              **
Ø29Ø
               PAGE ZERO DEFINITIONS
 Ø3ØØ : **
                                              **
Ø31Ø
Ø32Ø CEFLG
                 DE $16
#33# FUNDIS
                 .DE $9E POINTER TO FUNCTION DESCRIPTION
#34# FACTO
                 .DE $A7
Ø35Ø FACTA
                 .DE $B1 FLOATING PT REGISTER A
Ø36Ø FACTB
                 .DE $89 FLOATING PT REGISTER B
                 .DE $C1 ASCII REP OF FACTA
Ø37Ø ASCFAC
Ø38Ø TRIGP
                 .DE $C3 TRIG JUMP
Ø39Ø
6499 ; **
              INTERNAL BASIC ROUTINES
                                             **
Ø41Ø
Ø42Ø KEYWD
                 .DE $CØ88 START KEYWORDS
6436 OPENUP
                 .DE $C1D9 OPEN UP SPACE FOR LINE
Ø44Ø INIT
                 .DE $C229 INITIALIZE
Ø45Ø ERRMES
                 .DE $C258 ERROR MES SUB
Ø46Ø BAWARM
                 .DE $C27E BASIC WARM START
Ø47Ø FIXLNK
                 .DE $C323 FIX LINE LINKS JUMP
Ø48Ø LNKFIX
                 .DE $C32C FIX LINE LINKS SUB
Ø49Ø FINDLN
                 .DE $C427 LOCATE LINE IN TEXT
0500 SCRATCH
                 .DE $C458
Ø51Ø RSTCLR
                 .DE $C46D RESET PTRS AND CLR
Ø52Ø PROCES
                .DE $C5D1 EXECUTE LINE OF TEXT
Ø53Ø BADSAV
                .DE $CADD SAVE ERROR EXIT
Ø54Ø BADLOD
                 .DE $C6EF LOAD ERROR EXIT
Ø55Ø ENGOTO
                .DE $C732 END GOTO
Ø56Ø LINGET
                .DE $C7F5 ASCII TO BINARY
Ø57Ø BASRET
                .DE $C8F6 HERE WITH FULL BUFF
Ø58Ø MESSUR
                .DE $C954 SEND MESSAGE HI Y LO A
Ø59Ø ENDGET
                .DE $CAZE RETURN FROM GET
6666 NUMERIC
                .DE $CA46 NUMERIC GET
Ø61Ø EVARG
                .DE $CB43 EVAL ARG AS 2 BYTE HEX
Ø62Ø CRBRAK
                .DE $CCA5 CHK FOR RT BRACKET
9639 CLBRAK
                .DE $CCAB CHK FOR LFT BRACKET
6646 CCOMMA
                .DE $CCAB CHK FOR COMMA
Ø65Ø GVARAD
                .DE $CESF GET VARIABLE ADDRESS
                                          SYM-PHYSIS 10:16
```

|                               | Ø66Ø FIXFLT           | .DE \$CF79 FIXED TO FLOAT                       | ØE4E- AØ D7 119Ø                            | I DV #U CONCTANT                                      |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|
|                               | Ø67Ø FCERROR          | DE \$DØØ2 FC ERROR MESSAGE                      | ØE5Ø− 2Ø C5 D8 12ØØ                         | LDY WH, CONSTANT<br>JSR DIVMF 1/FACTA > FACTA         |
|                               | Ø68Ø FLTFIX           | .DE *D14C FLOAT TO FIX                          | ØE53- A9 ØØ 121Ø ATAN2                      | LDA #L.CONST1   |
|                               | Ø69Ø CHKDIR           | .DE \$D15F CHECK FOR DIRECT COMMAND             | ØE55- AØ ØE 122Ø                            | LDY #H, CONST1  |
|                               | Ø7ØØ EVARGX           | .DE \$D553 EVAL AS 1 BYTE                       | ØE57- 20 C2 DD 1230                         | JSR FLOAT1  |
|                               | Ø71Ø INTFLT           | .DE \$D5AD FLOAT TO INTEGER                     | ØE5A- 68 124Ø                               | PLA   |
|                               | Ø72Ø ADDHALF          | .DE \$DSFF .S+FACTA>FACTA                       | ØE58- C9 81 125Ø                            | CMP #\$81   |
|                               | 9730 SUBMF            | .DE \$D6Ø6 MEM-FACTA > FACTA                    | <b>6€5D-</b> 90 07 1260                     | BCC ATAN3   |
|                               | Ø74Ø SUBAF            | .DE \$D609 FACTB-FACTA >FACTA                   | ØE5F- A9 6D 127Ø                            | LDA #L,CONST2   |
|                               | Ø75Ø ADDMF            | .DE \$D61D MEM+FACTA > FACTA                    | ØE61- AØ ØE 128Ø                            | LDY #H, CONST2  |
|                               | Ø76Ø DIVAM            | .DE \$D8BD FACTB/MEM > FACTA                    | ØE63 20 Ø6 D6 1290                          | JSR SUBHF MEM-FACTA > FACTA                           |
|                               | Ø77Ø DIVMF            | .DE \$DBC5 MEM/FACTA > FACTA                    | ØE66-68 13ØØ ATAN3                          | PLA GET SIGN BACK                                     |
|                               | Ø78Ø MEMFAC           | .DE \$D958 MEM TO FACTA                         | ØE67 10 03 1310                             | BPL ATAN4   |
|                               | Ø79Ø FLOAT2           | .DE \$D98Ø                                      | ØE69− 4C 36 DD 132Ø                         | JMP CHOSON  |
|                               | Ø8ØØ FLOAT3           | .DE \$D98A                                      | ØE6C- 6Ø 133Ø ATAN4                         | RTS   |
|                               | Ø81Ø FLOAT4           | .DE \$D9C2                                      | 134# ;                                      |   |
|                               | Ø82Ø FLOATC           | .DE \$D9FF BINARY TO FLOAT                      | ØE6D- 81 49 ØF 135Ø CONST2                  | .BY \$81 \$49 \$ØF \$DA \$A2                          |
|                               | Ø83Ø INTFAC           | .DE \$DAB2 INT(FACTA) > FACTA                   | ØE7Ø- DA A2                                 |   |
|                               | Ø84Ø FOUT             | .DE \$DB9A MAKE ASCII                           | ØE72- 7F ØØ ØØ 1360 CONST3                  | .BY \$7F \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00                          |
|                               | Ø85Ø CHGSGN           | .DE \$DD36 -FACTA >FACTA                        | ØE75- ØØ ØØ                                 | •   |
|                               | Ø86Ø FLOAT1           | .DE \$DDC2                                      | ØE77- Ø5 137Ø CONST4                        | .BY \$05 ;FIVE CONSTANTS FOLLOW                       |
|                               | Ø87Ø CHRCOD           | .DE \$DE5Ø CHRGET/GOT CODE                      | ØE78- 84 E6 1A 138Ø                         | .BY \$84 \$E6 \$1A \$2D \$1B                          |
|                               | Ø88Ø                  |   | ØE7B- 2D 1B                                 |   |
|                               | 0890 CONSTANT         | .DE \$D772 81 <i>99 99 99 99</i>                | ØE7D- 86 28 Ø7 139Ø                         | .BY \$86 \$28 \$07 \$FB \$FB                          |
|                               | Ø9ØØ                  |   | ØE8Ø- FB F8                                 |   |
|                               | Ø91Ø                  |   | ØE82- 87 99 68 14ØØ                         | .BY \$87 \$99 \$68 \$89 \$01                          |
|                               |                       | TRIG PATCH SOURCE CODE ##                       | ØE85- 89 Ø1                                 |   |
|                               | Ø93Ø                  |   | ØE87- 87 23 35 141Ø                         | .BY \$87 \$23 \$35 \$DF \$E1                          |
|                               | Ø94Ø                  | BA \$ØEØØ ; OR WHEREVER                         | ØESA- DF E1                                 | ŀ   |
| eraa an                       | Ø95Ø                  |   | ØEBC- 86 A5 5D 142Ø                         | .BY \$86 \$A5 \$5D \$E7 \$28                          |
| 6E00- 0B                      | Ø96Ø CONST1           | .BY \$6B ;12 CONSTANTS FOR TRIE                 | ØEBF- E7 28                                 |   |
| ØEØ1- 76 B3 B3                | 9779                  | .BY \$76 \$B3 \$B3 \$BD \$D3                    | ØE91- 83 49 ØF 143Ø CONST5                  | .BY \$83 \$49 \$ØF \$DA \$A2                          |
| ØEØ4- BD D3                   | #00#                  | " DV 470 445 454 455                            | ØE94- DA A2                                 | <b></b>   |
| ØEØ6- 79 1E F4                | 97 <del>89</del>      | .BY \$79 \$1E \$F4 \$A6 \$F5                    | ØE96- A1 54 46 144Ø                         | .BY \$A1 \$54 \$46 \$8F \$13                          |
| ØEØ9- A6 F5                   | anna                  | DV 47D 407 4FG 4DG 44G                          | ØE99- 8F 13                                 | <b></b>   |
| ØEØB- 7B 83 FC<br>ØEØE- BØ 1Ø | שירדש                 | .BY \$7B \$83 \$FC \$BØ \$1Ø                    | ØE9B 8F 52 43 145Ø<br>ØE9E 89 CD            | .BY \$8F \$52 \$43 \$89 \$CD                          |
|                               | 4.000                 | DV 470 460 445 447 404                          |   |   |
| ØE1Ø- 7C ØC 1F                | 1000                  | .BY \$7C \$0C \$1F \$67 \$CA                    | 1460<br>SEAS- CO 72 1470 TRIGST             | CDV #470 CTV TINGTEN                                  |
| ØE13- 67 CA<br>ØE15- 7C DE 53 | 1616                  | RV 67C 6DF 653 6CR 6C1                          | ØEAØ- CØ 72 147Ø TRIGST<br>ØEA2- FØ 39 148Ø | CPY #\$72 SINE FUNCTION?                              |
| ØE18- CB C1                   | 14110                 | .BY \$7C \$DE \$53 \$CB \$C1                    |   | BEQ SINE YES-   |
| ØE1A- 7D 14 64                | 1000                  | DV 470 414 444 474 440                          | ØEA4- 90 30 1490<br>ØEA6- C0 76 1500        | BCC COSINE NO- IT'S COSINE                            |
| ØE1D 7Ø 4C                    | 1020                  | .BY \$7D \$14 \$64 \$7Ø \$4C                    | ØEA8- FØ 93 151Ø                            | CPY #\$76 MAYBE- IT'S ATAN FUNCTION?<br>BEQ ATAN YEP- |
| 5E1F- 7D B7 EA                | 1636                  | .BY \$7D \$B7 \$EA \$51 \$7A                    | 1529  | DER HIM TEF-  |
| ØE22- 51 7A                   | 1000                  | IDI VID VDI VLA VOI VIA                         | ØEAA- 20 80 D9 1530 TAN                     | JSR FLOAT2 NO- MUST BE TANGENT                        |
| ØE24- 7D 63 3Ø                | 1040                  | .BY \$7D \$63 \$3Ø \$88 \$7E                    | ØEAD- A9 ØØ 154Ø                            | LDA #Ø  |
| ØE27- 88 7E                   |                       | 10: 1/0 100 100 1/2                             | ØEAF- 85 16 155Ø                            | STA *CEFLG COMPARE EVAL FLAG                          |
| 5E29- 7E 92 44                | 1.050                 | .BY \$7E \$92 \$44 \$99 \$3A                    | ØEB1- 20 DD ØE 1560                         | JSR SINE  |
| ØE2C- 99 3A                   |                       | ,   | ØEB4- A2 9E 157Ø                            | LDX #L, FUNDIS  |
| #E2E- 7E 4C CC                | 1969                  | .BY \$7E \$4C \$CC \$91 \$C7                    | ØEB6- AØ ØØ 158Ø                            | LDY #H, FUNDIS  |
| ØE31- 91 C7                   |                       |   | ØEB8- 20 8A D9 1590                         | JSR FLOAT3  |
| ØE33- 7F AA AA                | 1070                  | .BY \$7F \$AA \$AA \$AA \$13                    | ØEBB A9 A7 16ØØ                             | LDA #L,FACTC  |
| ØE36- AA 13                   |                       |   | ØEBD- AØ ØØ 161Ø                            | LDY #H, FACTC   |
| <i>6</i> E38~ 81 <i>66 06</i> | 1989                  | .BY \$81 \$ <b>00</b> \$ <b>00</b> \$ <b>00</b> | ØEBF- 20 58 D9 1620                         | JSR MEMFAC FACTC > FACTA                              |
| ØE3B ØØ ØØ                    |                       |   | ØEC2- A2 ØØ 163Ø                            | LDX #Ø  |
|                               | 1 <i>9</i> 7 <i>9</i> |   | ØEC4- 85 B6 164Ø                            | STA *FACTA+5 CLEAR SIGN                               |
| #E3D~ A5 B6                   | 1100 ATAN             | LDA *FACTA+5 GET SIGN                           | ØEC6- A5 16 165Ø                            | LDA *CEFLG  |
| ØE3F- 48                      | 1110                  | PHA SAVE ON STACK                               | ØEC8- 20 D2 ØE 1660                         | JSR TANB  |
| ØE4Ø- 1Ø Ø3                   | 1120                  | BPL ATAN1                                       | ØECB- A9 9E 167Ø                            | LDA #L, FUNDIS  |
| #E42- 20 36 DD                |                       | JSR CHOSON -FACTA > FACTA                       | ØECD- AØ ØØ 168Ø                            | LDY #H, FUNDIS  |
| ØE45- A5 B1                   | 1140 ATAN1            | LDA *FACTA GET EXPONENT                         | SECF- 4C C5 D8 1698                         | JMP DIVMF ; MEM/FACTA > FACTA                         |
| ØE47 48                       | 1150                  | PHA SAVE ON STACK                               | ØED2- 48 17ØØ TANB                          | PHA   |
| ØE48- C9 81                   | 1160                  | CMP #\$81                                       | ØED3- 4C ØF ØF 171Ø                         | JMP SINEA   |
| ØE4A- 9Ø Ø7                   | 1179                  | BCC ATAN2                                       | 1720 ;                                      |   |
| ØE4C- A9 72                   | 1189                  | LDA #L,CONSTANT<br>SYM-PHYSIS 10:17             | #ED6- A9 6D 173# COSINE                     | LDA #L, CONST2  |
|                               |                       | Stu_LutSts Tatt\                                |   | SYM-PHYSIS 16:18                                      |

| ØED8- AØ ØE 174Ø                          | LDY #H, CONST2  |
|---|---|
| 9EDA- 20 1D D6 1750                       | TOD ADDRESS MEM. TO THE   |
| ØEDD- 20 C2 D9 1760                       | TODE TODE   |
| SEES- A9 91 1779                          | LDA #L.CONSTS   |
| ØEE2- AØ ØE 178Ø                          | LDY #H. CONSTS  |
| SEE4- A6 BE 1798                          | LDX #FACTR+5 GET SIGN   |
| ØEE6- 20 BD DB 1800                       | JSR DIVAM FACTR/MEN > FACTA   |
| ØEE9- 26 C2 D9 1810                       | JSR FLOAT4  |
| 9EEC- 29 82 DA 1829                       | LDA #L, CONSTS LDY #H, CONSTS LDX #FACTB+5 GET SIGN JSR DIVAM FACTB/MEM > FACTA JSR FLOAT4 JSR INTFAC INT(FACTA) > FACTA LDY #Ø   |
| DEEF- AØ ØØ 183Ø                          | LDY #Ø  |
| 9EF1- 85 BF 1849                          | STA #FACTB+6  |
| 9EF3- 29 99 D6 1859                       | JSR SUBAF FACTR-FACTA > FACTA   |
| DEF6- A9 72 1860                          | LDA #L.CONST3   |
| DEF8- AØ ØE 187Ø                          | LDY #H. CONST3  |
| MEFA- 20 06 D6 1880                       | STA #FACTB+6  JSR SUBAF FACTB-FACTA > FACTA LDA #L,CONST3 LDY #H,CONST3 JSR SUBMF NEM-FACTA > FACTA LDA #FACTA+5 BET SIGN PHA SAVE ON STACK BPL SINEA JSR ADDHALF .5+FACTA > FACTA LDA #FACTA+5 GET SIGN BMI SINEB LDA #CEFLB EOR ##FF STA #CEFLB |
| DEFU- A5 B6 1890                          | LDA #FACTA+5 BET STON   |
| 9EFF- 4B 1999                             | PHA SAVE ON STACK   |
| 9-99-19 9D 1919                           | BPL SINEA   |
| 9F92- 29 FF D5 1929                       | JSR ADDHALF .5+FACTA > FACTA  |
| 9795- A5 B6 1930                          | LDA #FACTA+5 GET STRN   |
| 1948 1948                                 | BMI SINEB   |
| 97-97- A5 16 1959                         | LDA #CEFLG  |
| 97-98- 49 FF 1969                         | EOR ##FF  |
| 9F9D- 85 16 1979                          | STA #CEFLG  |
| -12. 22 00 00 1700                        | DINCH JSR CHGSGN -FACTA \ EACTA   |
| GE44                                      | STACE FDA #F*CONST2   |
| ## 14- A# ## 2000<br>## 16- 20 1D D6 2019 | LDY #H,CONST3   |
| 9F19- 68 2919                             | JSR ADDNF MEN+FACTA > FACTA   |
|   | PLA RET SIGN PACK   |
| 6F1A- 16 63 2636                          | BPL SINEC   |
| ØF1C- 26 36 DD 2646                       | JSR CHGSGN  |
| #F21 - Ag an                              | SINEC LDA #L,CONST4<br>LDY #H,CONST4<br>JMP FLOAT1  |
| #E23 40 00 DD 200                         | LDY #H, CONST4  |
| ₩ 23- 40 C2 DD 2070                       | JMP FLOATI  |
| 2980                                      | •   |
| 2090                                      | .EN   |

RAE CLOCK CORRECTIONS - DICK ALBERS

13:09:53 WED DEC 30, 1981

Dear Lux.

Here are the last of the corrections to RAE CLOCK.

As you can see, the actual corrections are simple. The important ones are in line(s) 1050, and lines 3500 to 3800, since these portions do not run properly as published under many conditions. The other corrections are not as critical, since those problems only occur under certain unlikely conditions.

BRKFIX, INXIRQ, and OUTXIRQ are the subroutines that "should have been in SUPERMON" that you mentioned in the introduction to the program. These routines are general enough to be used any time IRQs may occur during I/O (unless you are using IRQs for interrupt driven input).

I too, would like to see an interrupt driven input program for SYM, but additionally, with the use of an ACIA or UART for serial/parallel, parallel/serial conversion.

The inspiration for this program was a similar one which you sent me that had appeared in an early issue of MICRO magazine (I found it in THE BEST OF MICRO, Vol. 3), written by Casmir J. Suchyta, III, and Paul W. Zitzewitz. That program was designed to be used with BASIC, and you commented how nice it would be to have something like it for RAE. That was received as a challenge, and RAE CLOCK is the result.

SYM PHYSIS 16:19

Thanks also to Jack Brown for pointing out an emplier mistake of using the same timer as SUPERMON uses for tape timing. Everything was fine until I did a tape read or write! It is the one at \$AMXX, and was used by you in issue 2 of SYM-PHYSIS for a clock for the unexpanded SYM. I have been using various versions of that program as long as I have had a SYM, and I had never wondered "why?".

An easy way to make these changes without changing the original line numbers (so they can still be used for reference), is to enter the new lines after the end of the program, and then MOVe them to their final location. If you really want to, you can renumber lines from MON, with ".M", to any sequence you desire. It's a lot of work though.

| ØØ 1         | ø          | /s/ Richard Albers  |          |
|--------------|------------|---|----------|
| 002          | ð          | ; RAE CLOCK CORRECTIONS   |          |
| ØØ36         | ð          | , THE BEOOK BUNNED! I GIAD  |          |
| ØØ41         |            | ; By Richard R. Albers  |          |
| ØØ59         |            |   |          |
| ØØ69         |            | Insert the following definitions:                                 |          |
| ØØ79<br>Ø359 |            |   |          |
| Ø358         |            | -DE \$A482 Terminal input port                                    |          |
| Ø35£         |            | .DE \$A654 Terminal device flags                                  |          |
|              | OUTVEC     | -DE \$A660 Input vector -DE \$A663 Output vector                  |          |
| Ø35Ø         |            |   |          |
| Ø35¢         | SVBRK      |   |          |
| Ø35ø         |            | -DE \$804A Save regs after break -DE \$8188 Register save routine |          |
| Ø35Ø         | TIN        | .DE \$BA6A Part of INTCHR   |          |
| Ø35Ø         |            | .DE \$BAAØ Terminal output subroutine                             |          |
| Ø47Ø         |            | A STATE OF COLUMN   |          |
| Ø48Ø         |            | Add the following lines to "LINK":                                |          |
| 9499         |            |   |          |
| Ø495         |            | LDA #L,INXIRQ   |          |
| Ø495<br>Ø495 |            | STA INVEC+1 Link input patch                                      |          |
| Ø495         |            | LDA #H, INXIRQ  |          |
| Ø495         |            | STA INVEC+2   |          |
| Ø495         |            | LDA #L,OUTXIRQ  |          |
| Ø495         |            | STA OUTVEC+1 Link output patch                                    |          |
| Ø495         |            | LDA #H, OUTXIRQ<br>STA OUTVEC+2                                   |          |
| Ø495         |            | LDA #L.BRKFIX   |          |
| Ø495         |            | STA UBRKVC Link BRK fix   |          |
| Ø495         |            | LDA #H, BRKFIX  |          |
| Ø495         |            | STA UBRKYC+1  |          |
| Ø5ØØ         |            |   |          |
| Ø51Ø         | *****      | Fit the following in wherever you like:                           |          |
| Ø52Ø<br>Ø52Ø |            |   |          |
| Ø52Ø         |            | ; FIX RAE'S EXIT-TO-MON   |          |
| Ø52Ø         | BRKFIX     | 0.1   |          |
| Ø52Ø         | DIVINE I X | CLI Clear IRQ inhibits  |          |
| Ø52Ø         |            | JMP SVBRK Continue as normal                                      |          |
| Ø52Ø         |            | : PREVENT GARBLING INPUT  |          |
| Ø52Ø         |            | A LICATED DEVOCING MANDE  |          |
| Ø52Ø         | INXIRQ     | JSR INTX Make INTCHR return here                                  |          |
| Ø52Ø         |            | CLI to allow IRQs, then   |          |
| Ø52Ø         |            | RTS Return to INVEC's caller                                      |          |
| Ø52Ø         |            |   |          |
| Ø52Ø         | INTX       | JSR SAVER First part of INTCHR                                    |          |
| Ø52Ø<br>Ø52Ø |            | LDA #\$ØØ   |          |
| #52#<br>#52# | LOOKI      | STA #\$F9   |          |
| Ø52Ø         | L00K1      | LDA PBDA Find leading edge  |          |
| Ø52Ø         |            | AND TOUTFL<br>SEC   |          |
| Ø52Ø         |            |   |          |
|              |            | SRC #\$40 Invert TTY polarity SYM-PHYS                            | IS 10:20 |
|              |            |   |          |

| Ø52Ø                         |         | BCC LOOK1              | Not yet  |
|------------------------------|---------|------------------------|--|
| Ø52Ø                         |         | SEI                    | Prevent garbled input                            |
| Ø52Ø<br>Ø52Ø                 |         | JMP TIN                | Let MON get char<br>urns via RESXAF to INXIRQ+3) |
| Ø52Ø                         |         | ; (Reti                | THE ATE DESVIE CO HAVINGAN                       |
| Ø52Ø                         |         | ; PREVENT (            | SARBLING OUTPUT                                  |
| Ø52Ø<br>Ø52Ø                 | OUTXIRQ | SEI                    | 0.4-4  |
| Ø52Ø                         | OUIVIE  | JSR TOUT               | Output char w/o IRQ<br>Output char               |
| Ø52Ø                         |         | CLI                    | when the private the state                       |
| Ø52Ø                         |         | RTS                    |  |
| 0520<br>1030                 | *****   | D1 14                  | AMPA IAL AL COLO                                 |
| 1030                         | *****   | Rebrace 1106           | e 1050 with the following:                       |
| 1.050                        |         | CPX #\$1Ø              | Test for Nov-Dec                                 |
| 1056                         |         | BCC GOTM               | No   |
| 1 <i>050</i><br>1 <i>050</i> |         | BEQ NO<br>LDX #\$ØB    | *** **   |
| 1050                         |         | BNE GOTM               | It's Dec<br>(Always)                             |
| 1050                         | NO      | LDX #\$ØA              | It's Nov   |
| 1.056                        | GOTM    | LDA DAY/MO             | Get current day                                  |
| 249Ø<br>25ØØ                 | *****   | D                      | - OFOR A OFTE                                    |
| 2510                         | *****   | KEVERSE 1186           | s 2520 & 2530;                                   |
| 2520                         | CDONE   | LDX SCRA               | Get BUFF index                                   |
| 2530                         |         | CLI                    | Allow time changes                               |
| 343Ø<br>344Ø                 | *****   | Change line            | 744.0. 4   |
| 345Ø                         | ******  | Change line            | 3400 to:   |
| 346#                         |         | JSR TOUT               | Avoid CLI in OUTCHR patch                        |
| 3470                         |         |                        | ·  |
| 348Ø<br>349Ø                 | *****   | Replace line           | s 3500 to 3900 with the following:               |
| 3500                         | NXTR    | JSR INBYTE             | Get value for req                                |
| 3510                         |         | SEI                    | Minimize IRQ's                                   |
| 352Ø<br>353Ø                 |         | BCS BAD<br>PHA         | Non-hex not allowed                              |
| 3540                         |         | AND #\$ØF              | Test low nibble                                  |
| 3550                         | •       | CMP #\$ØA              | Only 0-9 wanted                                  |
| 3560                         |         | PLA                    | Test high at STOT                                |
| 357Ø<br>358Ø                 |         | BCS BAD<br>CPX #\$#44  | Day of waste?                                    |
| 3590                         |         | BEQ ADJUST             | Day of week?                                     |
| 3600                         |         | CPX #\$Ø6              | Month?   |
| 3605                         |         | BNE STOM               |  |
| 361Ø<br>362Ø                 | ADJUST  | SED<br>SEC             | Month may be 10-12                               |
| 3630                         |         | SBC ##Ø1               | SUN or JAN-00                                    |
| 3635                         |         | CLD                    |  |
| 364 <i>0</i><br>365 <i>0</i> | CTOM    | BCC BAD                | Input of "00" n.g. here                          |
| 366#                         | STOM    | CPX #\$Ø5<br>BNE STOT  | Day of month?                                    |
| 367Ø                         |         | CMP #\$32              | Allow day of month = 31                          |
| 3680                         |         | BCS BAD                | ,,   |
| 369Ø                         | CTOT    | BCC STO                | (Always)   |
| 37ØØ<br>371Ø                 | STOT    | CMP TABL, X<br>BCS BAD | Check range                                      |
| 3720                         | STO     | STA TIMR, X            |  |
| 373Ø                         |         | DEX                    |  |
| 374Ø<br>37 <b>5</b> Ø        |         | CPX #\$Ø7              | Year needs 4 digits                              |
| 37 <b>6Ø</b>                 |         | BEQ NYR<br>JSR CRLF    | so skip CRLF if year                             |
| 3770                         | BAD     | CPX #\$Ø7              | Need re-prompt for year?                         |
| 378ø                         | •       | BNE NYR                | No   |
| 3785                         |         | INX                    | Yes, get all 4 digits                            |

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| 379ø<br>3 <b>795</b> | NYR    | LDA TSTAB,X Index for prompt                          |
|----------------------|--------|---|
| 3866                 |        | BNE PMOR If done, fall thru                           |
| 3805                 |        | DINC FROM IT DONE, THIS THEU                          |
| 3850                 | *****  | 1 i = 2076 to about 1                                 |
| 3860                 | *****  | Line 3870 may be changed to:                          |
| 3870                 |        | TOD TANKO OLA   |
| 3880                 |        | JSR INVEC Get any character                           |
| 3880                 |        | T11   |
| 3886                 |        | To allow any character to start the clock.            |
| 3880                 |        | (INBYTE requires a non-hex character.)                |
|                      |        | <b>F</b>  |
| 389#                 | *****  | Finally, you may delete lines 3890 and 3900,          |
| 3900                 |        | since both are included in START.                     |
| 3910                 |        |   |
| 3920                 |        |   |
| 393ø                 |        | If you would like a more "standard" format:           |
| 394#                 |        |   |
| 3950                 |        | ; ØØ:14:49 SUN NOV 18, 1981                           |
| 3960                 |        |   |
| 3976                 | !!!!!! | Make these additional changes on the indicated lines: |
| 3986                 |        |   |
| 1615                 |        | BY \$2C ; Comma                                       |
| 257Ø                 |        | LDA BUFF+\$17   |
| 2610                 |        | STA BUFF+\$17   |
| 2740                 |        | ADC ##1F Add 31 bytes                                 |
| 286Ø                 |        | ADC #\$1F   |
| 4140                 | DRTAB  | .BY \$C9 \$CB \$C9 \$#3 \$CA \$#2 \$CA \$#1           |
| 415Ø                 |        | .BY \$84 \$C9 \$86 \$05 \$CC \$C9 \$08 \$07 \$00      |

### OLD PROBLEMS AND NEW SOFTWARE POLICY

There is now far more quality software available for the SYM-1 than we (not editorial "we" this time, but us, you and me!) would ever have thought possible a year ago. Actually, we started the Users' Group with the selfish thought that it would provide us with "free" software, and the "noble" thought that we could expiate our selfishness by passing the software on to the rest of the SYM-1 community.

In practice however, we now have guilt-feelings about having become a bottleneck in the distribution system, since the better programs are, in general, much too long to publish in SYM-PHYSIS. The only alternatives are to publish them separately in book form, or distribute them on cassette and/or disk, and charge, not what the traffic will bear, but enough to pay for all actual costs incurred: media, printing, shipping, handling, outside labor, etc., plus at least minimum rate for the time we spend in editing, debugging, documenting, etc. After all, consulting would be much more remunerative!

We were semi-amused when one of our readers complained bitterly about the "exorbitant" prices Jack Brown was charging for his software (we felt much the same way about the prices of the 6502 Program Exchange, until we learned better, the hard way!). We were really amused when the same reader submitted a program for distribution at a far greater asking price for a very much lower quality program, explaining he had put so many hours into the work, and really should be remunerated for his time!

The publication of SYM-PHYSIS started as a hobby, and could easily continue as just that, a "spare time" activity, actually meeting the scheduled dates. The "slippages" are due to two unanticipated added responsibilities, neither one of which we would ever even have considered as a "hobby". One is answering the tremendous volume of mail asking for help with SYM-1 problems. Some problems are easily solved and many of the questions are easily answered; often a brief note suffices. Unfortunately, the more interesting questions and problems often require many

hours of "research" time, which are very frequently interrupted by telephone calls with still more problems and questions! This responsibility is one we cannot shirk; there would otherwise effectively be no source of help for SYMmers.

The second responsibility we shall give up, as explained here. To paraphrase Orson Welles (in a US TV wine commercial), our policy has been: "We shall release no program before its time". This meant that we examined each program carefully, understood its inner workings completely, exterminated as many of the bugs as we could find, tried to make it "crashproof", corrected any misspellings and grammatical errors, clarified any vague instructions, added missing documentation, and tried to give the package a "professional feel". This obviously has taken up much of our time, and has kept us from doing all of the "fun" things we got our computer for (this parenthetical expression is added only so that this sentence will not end with a preposition!).

Occasionally, as with SWP-1, since the demand for a word processor was so great, we released a package without the usual manual; to save time, hoping that the example provided, plus the fully commented source code, also provided, would make the package immediately usable anyway (besides, it would serve as a stimulus to seduce the reader into learning a new language, "source code"). Fortunately, most purchasers were equal to the task; very few had any real problems, and these few we helped get started by answering their mail or telephone inquiries.

After all, SYM users are "sharper" than the typical Apple user; their wits are honed by the exiguousness of SYM software, to mix a mean metaphor. Besides, manuals are expensive to prepare, print, handle, and mail, and the costs must be passed on to the purchaser. Since SWP-1 is an "accessory" to RAE-1, all purchasers had the ability to process the source code, which we would rather have than a manual, anyday! Some SYMmers have limited their SYMs to BAS-1, opting to omit RAE-1. We suggest they reconsider, since RAE-1 is one of the four major strong points of SYM-1 (see elsewhere for the other three). A whole brave new world will be opened up to them. Besides, RAE is needed for SYM-Pascal!

## AND NOW, AT LAST, HERE IS OUR NEW POLICY ON NEW SOFTWARE:

To reduce the time delay which has up to now existed between the submission of software to be distributed by the SYM -1 Users' Group and the actual release date, all programs will be tested to see that they do work in at least a minimal acceptable way. Minor, non-catastrophic bugs which cannot be easily fixed will be annotated as such in the documentation; catastrophic bugs will, of course, be cause for rejection, and the program will not be distributed. Only a very minimum of editing and polishing will be done. RAE readable source code will be provided, and the purchaser should have RAE-1 or RAE-1/2 (both are functionally equivalent, one comes in a single 8K 2332, the other in two 4K 2316s) installed, and the skill to read and understand, and modify and reassemble the source code, if necessary, to eliminate any problem areas.

Only the minimum amount of hard copy documentation will be provided, i.e., just enough to get started. This will be at the very least just that provided by the author, and which was enough to get us started, and at the most we will add just enough to help the purchaser avoid all of the trial and error we had to go through to get the program working. These programs will be marked as NOT CERTIFIED. We suggest that only experienced users buy these versions. As feedback from early purchasers is received the program and documentation will be upgraded to make the package suitable for less skilled users, and the program will then be marked CERTIFIED.

SYM-PHYSIS 10:23

We hope this new policy will help get useful programs out into the using community more rapidly, and help relieve the pressure on us. We prefer to ship data on SYM cassettes because the procedure for doing this is already "automated", and is handled by a relatively unskilled operator. Shipping on FODS 5 1/4 inch disks will require a medium surcharge. Shipping on CODOS 8 inch disks is not yet automated, and will require a surcharge for both medium cost and skilled labor. The same will hold true for FODS 8 inch disks when these are installed. The problem is that we currently do not have dual drives installed. Try making copies on a single drive system, and you'll understand!

When a program submitted to us is extremely useful but needs a major "overhaul" to bring it up to "commercial" standards we have been sending "review" copies to a few selected individuals who will either work with the authors, or do the necessary upgrading themselves, in exchange for the review copy. This is both bad news and good news. It is lots of work for them, but no work for us! Our most active reviewers have been Jack Brown and Dick Albers. Now that our new policy will give us the time to organize our time better, we hope to use more reviewers and have even more time for the "fun" things.

### SYM-PASCAL IS READY

SYM-PASCAL
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25BD-35BD 35C1 25BD

3

If that reminds you a little of RAE-1's prompt, it should! SYM-Pascal requires that RAE-1 be installed, and makes extensive use of many of RAE's capabilities. 2580-3580 is the area allocated to the Pascal source text; 35C1 is the start of the area where the P-code will be deposited during compilation. The 2580 on the line below is the current value of the text pointer. These values are all resettable.

To quote from the manual: "One of the reasons that SYM-Pascal is so compact is that it 'sits on top' of the RAE system and uses its editor and file system in the preparation of the Pascal source program. The compiler accepts RAE compatible text as its input." How very, very, elegant! Note that this is an Integer Pascal (hex as well as decimal).

We can say little more at this time for two reasons. First, the newsletter has highest priority; after the camera-ready copy has gone to the printer, we will have more time (?). Second, although most of Jack Brown's previous software will continue to be available through the Users' Group, SYM-Pascal is available only direct from Saturn Software; dealerships are not yet available.

We do not list prices here because some of you may wish FODS or CODOS linked versions, and since Release 2.0 does not include the source listing, you may prefer to have the linking done for you. Actually the linking should be easy, since all I/O is through RAE. SYM-Pascal recognizes PUt and GEt, but will give !ED errors on ENt, LOd, and DC. These are easily trapped, however, and your existing RAE links to FODS and CODOS used directly.

(continued on page 13)

#### BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES RESEARCH APPLICATIONS

Here is a letter we felt was well worth sharing with all SYMmers!

College of Physicians & Surgeons of Columbia University | New York, N.Y. 10032

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHIATRY

722 West 168th Street

Dr. H.R. Luxenberg SYM Users' Group P.O. Box 315 Chico. CA 95297

January 6, 1982 Box 124 Psychology Department Neurological Institute 710 W. 168th Street New York, NY 10032 Telephone - 212-694-2214

Dear Dr. Luxenberg:

Other SYM-1 users who are behavioral researchers will be interested to know that in our laboratory we have developed a group of programs for the 8-K SYM which present various kinds of visual and auditory stimuli on a CRT [or earphones in the case of auditory stimuli] and measure, store, and perform statistical analysis on subjects' manual reaction times (in milli seconds) to those stimuli. Stimuli are presented laterally; that is, to subjects' left and right visual fields [ears], as well as presented centrally [binaurally], in different conditions. The timing portion of these programs is written in assembly language. Programs for presentation of stimuli and for statistical analysis of reaction times are written in BASIC.

For the visual reaction-time experiments, the stimulus consists of a dot positioned about 10° to the right or left of a central fixation dot, or positioned in the center. The dot stays on for less than 180 milli seconds. In another experiment we present alphabet letters to left and right visual fields for a brief period and record subject reaction times. For the auditory experiments we are using the TI SN76488N complex sound generator chip to present simple tones (monaurally and binaurally in different conditions) through earphones.

The reaction time button is affixed directly to the SYM. A second button, operated by the experimenter, allows the experimenter to scratch "bad" subject responses (especially anticipatory responses).

In another ongoing project we are attempting to send our SYMcollected data over the phone lines to another, mainframe computer for large-scale statistical analyses. At present, this remains the ultimate Chinese (software) puzzle! We will inform you if we ever solve it!

Our laboratory is directed by myself and Rita G. Rudel, Ph.D. The programs and hardware modifications were made by Mr. Jack Harris. We feel we have only begun to scratch the surface of SYM-1 capabilities for driving sophisticated experimental and clinical diagnostic psychological procedures. We invite other behavioral researchers interested in learning more about our programs or exchanging ideas to contact us.

Milial Bromer

Melinda Broman, Ph.D. Assistant Clinical Professor

of Medical Psychology

0010 ; 1 0020 : 111 A CHRISTMAS GIFT! ተተተ 0030 ; 11111 ተተተተተ 0040 ; I FOR ALL BASIC SYMMERS ī 0050 ; ---0060 : \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 0070 ; THE ULTIMATE B A S I C PATCH. 0080 ; \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 0090 : E. DE LE COURT 0100 : AU.DES ERABLES 41 0110 : 1640 RHODE S.G. 0120 : BELGIUM 0130 : TEL: 2-358 48 13 0140 :WITH IDEAS FROM C.MOSER (S.P. #0) 0160 ;THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS TO RECALL ANY WRITTEN LINE 0170 :FOR CORRECTION, DELETION, ADDITION OF ANY CHR(S) 0180 ; WITHOUT THE NEED OF RETYPING THE WHOLE LINE 0200 ;IT ALLOWS STRINGS WRITTEN IN LOWER CASE 0210 ;IT ALLOWS \$ FOR HEX NUMBERS 0220 JALL OPERATIONS ARE INMEDIATELY VISIBLE ON THE SCREEN 0240 ;AN ATTEMPT TO WRITE MORE THAN 72 CHR IS LOCKED. 0250 ; YOU CAN NOW WRITE YOUR BASIC PROGAMS WITH 0260 :THE TRIAL AND ERROR METHOD 0270 ; 0280 :EPROM THIS PROGRAM AT \$F000 ALONG WITH TRIG AT \$F6C? 0290 .BA \$F000 OR ELSEWHERE BUT TAKE CARE 0300 .MC \$0800 OF THE #\$FØ AND #\$F1 REFERENCES 0310 .05 0320 BASUEC .DE \$01 0330 TRIGL .DE \$C4 0340 EDFLG .DE \$F5 .DE \$F6 0350 SAVEY 0360 INDEY .DE \$F7 0370 :BASIC USES \$00 TO \$EF 0380 BUFFER .DE \$100 0390 MONW .DE \$8003 0400 ACCESS .DE \$8886 0410 RESXAF .DE \$8188 0420 INTCHR .DE \$8A58 0430 TOUT .DE \$8AA0 OR ANOTHER OUTPUT ROUTINE 0440 CRLF .DE \$834D 0450 TECHO .DE \$A653 0460 INVEC .DE \$A661 0470 OUTUEC .DE \$A664 .0480 BASIN .DE \$DE6D 0490 BASWR .DE \$C27E 0500 :START LINKS 0510 ;-----0520 BASCLD JSR SWIVEC START HERE BASIC COLD 9539 JMP BASIN 0540 BASWRM JSR SWIVEC RETURN HERE WITH .G 0 0550 JMP BASWR 0560 SWIVEC JSR ACCESS SWITCH VECTORS FOR BASIC 0570 LDA #L, INPUT 0580 STA INVEC 0590 LDR #H, INPUT 0600 STA INVEC+1 0610 LDA #L, TRIGIN 0620 STR \*TRIGL 0630 LDA #H, TRIGIN 0640 STR \*TRIGL+1

F000- 20 0C F0

F003- 4C 6D DE

F006- 20 0C F0

F009- 4C 7E C2

F00C- 20 86 8B

F011- 8D 61 A6

F016- 8D 62 86

F00F- A9 2D

F014- R9 F0

FØ19- A9 68

FØ1B~ 85 C4

F010- R9 F7

F01F- 85 C5

F021- R9 00

0650

LDA #0

| 5007 05 53                 |                  |                          | LET BUFFER INDEX = 0 INHIBIT ECHO  NORMAL FLAG  DISCARD A AND F  BUFFER EMPTY  FLAG = EDIT MODE BASIC READ THE BUFFER RESET EDIT FLAG  RESET OUTPUT VECTORS INPUT 1 CHR  INE 10 FOR EDITION. IE WHOLE LINE TO BASIC AT THE LEFT OF THE CURSOR. EDIT 1 LINE   |  |                     |       |              |                         |
|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|--|---------------------|-------|--------------|-------------------------|
| F023- 85 F7                | 0660 STA         | A *INDEY                 | LET BUFFER INDEX = 0   | F099~ A0 47  | 1310                | LDS   | 7 #71        | FROM END OF BUFFER      |
| F025- 8D 53 A6             | 0670 STA         | R TECHO                  | INHIBIT ECHO   | FØ9B- 88   | 1320 MOVUF          |       | , #1, 1      | MOVING BUFFER 1 RIGHT   |
| F028- A9 20<br>F02A- 85 F5 | 0680 FDF         | R #\$20                  |  | F09C- B9 00 01   |                     |       | BUFFER,Y     | TOVING BOTTER I RIGHT   |
| F02C- 60                   | 0690 STF         | H *EDFLG                 | NORMAL FLAG  | FØ9F- 99 Ø1 Ø1   |                     |       | BUFFER+1,Y   |                         |
| F02L- 60                   | RTS              | 5                        |  | FØA2- C4 F7  | 1350                |       | *INDEY       |                         |
|                            | 0710 ;IMPUT OUT  | TPUT LINKS               |  | FØR4- DØ F5  | 1360                |       | MOVUP        |                         |
|                            | 0720 ;           |                          |  | F086- 84 F7  | 1370 PRTBU          |       |              | DEEDECH THE DICDLON     |
| F02D- 68                   | 0730 INPUT PLA   | ٩                        | DISCARD A AND F  | FØA8- B9 00 01   | 1360 FKIDU          |       |              | REFRESH THE DISPLAY     |
| F02E- 68                   | 0740 PLF         | 7                        |  | FØAB~ C8   | 1390                |       | BUFFER, Y    |                         |
| F02F- A4 F7                | <b>0750 LD</b> Y | Y *INDEY                 |  | FØRC~ C9 ØD  |                     | IN    |              |                         |
| F031- F0 0E                | 0760 BEG         | Q GETCHR                 | BUFFER EMPTY   | FORCE CO OF  | 1400                |       | °#\$0D       |                         |
| F033- 24 F5                | 0770 BIT         | 「 *EDFLG                 |  | FØRE- FØ 05  | 1410                |       | MOVEUR       |                         |
| F035- 30 03                | 0780 PMI         | I =+4                    | FLAG = FOIT MODE   | FØBØ- 20 AØ 8A   |                     |       | TOUT         |                         |
| F037- 4C 16 F1             | 0790 JMF         | READBLI                  | BASIC PEAN THE DIECED  | F083- D0 F3  | 1430                | BNE   | PRTBUF+2     |                         |
| F03A- A9 20                | 0800 LDA         | 3 #\$2Ø                  | RESET EDIT FLOG  | FØB5- A9 20  | 1440 MOUCL          |       |              | RESET THE CURSOR        |
| F03C~ 85 F5                | 0810 STA         | *FDFLG                   | RESET ESTITION   | F0B7- 20 A0 SA   | 1450                |       | : TOUT       |                         |
| F03E- 20 4A F1             | 0820 JSR         | PESOUC                   | PESET OUTPUT DECYONG   | F0BA- R9 08  | 1460                |       | l #3         | GOING BACK              |
| F041- 20 58 8A             | 8838 GETCHE ISE  | THITCHE                  | THOUT 1 CHO  | F0BC- 20 A0 3A   | 1470                | JSR   | : TOUT       |                         |
| FØ44- 29 7F                | 9849 AND         | \ ##7E                   | INFOT I CAR  | FØBF- 88   | 1480                | DEY   | t .          |                         |
|                            | 0950 :ESCOPE 1-  | / ##(F<br>- CD BECCILE L | TUE 1- EOD EDITERO   | F0C0- C4 F7  | 1490                | CPY   | *INDEY       |                         |
|                            | 0000 JEDONEE III | I UK KEUNLLS L           | INE IN FUK EDITION.  | F0C2- D0 F8  | 1500                | BNE   | MOVCUR+7     |                         |
|                            | 0000 JINEN ESCH  | THE RETURNS IN           | E WHOLE LINE TO BASIC  | F0C4- 4C 41 F0   | 1510 JGETO          | H JMP | GETCHR       |                         |
| F046- C9 1B                | 0880 ESCAPE CMP  | ORMS THE PHRI            | HI THE LEFT OF THE CURSOR.   |  | 1520 :CTRL          | Y JU  | MPS TO MONIT | TOR.RETURN WITH .G 0 CR |
| FØ48- DØ 24                | GOOD ESCHEE CHE  | 7 #≯18                   | EDIT 1 LINE  | FØC7~ C9 19  | ,1530 CTRLY         | CMP   | #\$19        | RETURN TO MON           |
|                            |                  |                          |  | FØC9- DØ 21  | 1540                |       | STOCHR       | ACTORN TO HON           |
| F04A- C0 00                |                  | / #Ø                     | UALID ONLY AS FIRST CHR  | FØCB- R9 4C  | 1550                |       | ##4C         |                         |
|                            |                  | 1 =+7                    |  | F0CD- 85 00  | 1560                |       | *BASUEC-1    |                         |
|                            |                  | CRLF                     |  | FØCF- A9 06  | 1570                |       | #L.BASWRM    |                         |
|                            |                  |                          | OTHERWISE RETURN   | FØD1- 85 Ø1  | 1580                |       | *BASVEC      | SET RETURN VECTOR       |
|                            |                  |                          | CHANGE OUTUEC TO   | FØD3~ A9 FØ  | 1590                |       | #HJBASWRM    | SET RETORM VECTOR       |
|                            |                  | OUTVEC                   | WRITE IN BUFFER FROM LIST  | F0D5- 85 02  | 1600                |       | *BASUEC+1    |                         |
|                            |                  | #H,WRITBU                |  | FØD7- A9 58  | 1610                |       |              | FEET MISSES AND THE     |
|                            | 0970 STA         | OUTVEC+1                 |  | FØD9- 8D 61 A6   |                     |       | #L,INTCHR    | RESET INPUT VECTORS     |
| F05E- B9 46 F1             | 0980 CMDLST LDA  | LIST,Y                   | PUT"LIST" IN BUFFER  | FØDC- A9 8A  | 1620                |       | INVEC        |                         |
| F061- 99 00 01             |                  | BUFFER, Y                |  |  | 1630                |       | #H. INTCHR   |                         |
|                            | 1000 JSR         | : TOUT                   |  | FØDE~ 8D 62 A6<br>'FØE1- A9 80   | 1640                |       | INVEC+1      |                         |
| FØ67- C8                   | 1010 INY         | 1                        |  |  | 1650                |       | #\$80        | ALLOW ECHO              |
| F068- C0 04                | 1020 CPY         | ' #4                     |  |  | 1660                |       | TECHO        |                         |
| F06A- D0 F2                | 1939 DNC         | CMDLCT                   |  | FØE6- 20 4A F1   | 1670                |       | RESOUC       | RESET OUTPUT VECTORS    |
| F06C- F0 D3                | 1040 BEQ         | GETCHR                   | PUT LINE NUM IN PUECED   | F0E9- 4C 03 80   |                     |       | MONM         |                         |
|                            | 1050 :CTRL H MO  | UES THE CURSOR           | PUT LINE NUM. IN BUFFER<br>R LEFT IN THE BUFFER<br>LEFT TAB<br>VALID ONLY IF Y>=0  | F0EC~ C0 48  | 1690 STOCH          |       |              | STORE NOT TOO FAR       |
| F06E~ C9 08                | 1060 CTRLH CMP   | #8                       | FET TAR  | F0EE- F0 D4  | 1700                |       | JGETCH       |                         |
| F070- D0 06                | 1070 BNF         | CTRLT                    | ELT THE  | FØF0~ 99 00 01   |                     |       | BUFFER, Y    |                         |
| F072- 88                   | 1989 DEV         | OTTL                     |  | FØF3- C8   | 1720                | INY   |              |                         |
| F073- 10 08                | 1999 PPI         | TTOUT :                  | BOLTO ONLY TO UNG  | F0F4- 20 A0 8A   |                     |       | TOUT         |                         |
| F075- C8                   | 1100 INV         | 31001                    | AUCID OUTA IL ADER   | F0F7- C9 24  | 1740                |       |              | ALLOW \$ FOR HEX        |
|                            |                  | GETCHR                   |  | F0F9~ D0 15  | 1750                |       | NOTHEX       |                         |
|                            | 1120 CTPL T MOI  | UCLIUM<br>HEC THE CHOCOL | R RIGHT IN THE BUFFER  | FØFB- 20 58 8A   |                     |       | INTCHR       |                         |
| F078- C9 09                | 1130 CTRLI CMP   | VED THE CURSUM           | R RIGHT IN THE BUFFER<br>RIGHT TAB<br>AT THE CURSOR<br>DELETE A CHR  | FØFE- 29 7F  | 1770                |       | #\$7F        |                         |
|                            |                  | TRLZ                     | RIGHT TAB  | F100- C9 22  | 1780                |       | # ~ "        |                         |
|                            |                  |                          |  | F102- F0 03  | 1790                | BEQ   | =+4          |                         |
|                            |                  |                          |  | F104- 4C 46 F0   | 1800                | JMP   | ESCAPE       | NOT ", THEN PROCEED     |
|                            | 1160 JTOUT JSR   |                          | ·  | F107- A9 26  | 1810                | LDA   | # ' &        |                         |
|                            | 1170 BCS         | GETCHR                   |  | F109- 99 FF 00   | 1820                | STA   | BUFFER-1, Y  |                         |
|                            | 1180 ;CTRL Z DEL | ETES THE CHR             | AT THE CURSOR  | F10C- R9 22  | 1830                | LDA   | # < 0        |                         |
| FØ82- 84 F7                | 1190 CTRLZ STY   | *INDEY                   |  | F10E- D0 DC  | 1840                |       | STOCHR       |                         |
| F084- C9 1A                |                  |                          | ELETE A CHR  | F110- C9 0D  | 1850 NOTHE:         |       |              |                         |
|                            | 1210 BNE         | CTRLQ                    | <del></del>  |  | 1860                |       | JGETCH       |                         |
| F088 89 01 01              | 1220 MOUDWN LDA  | BUFFER+1,Y M             | 10VING BUFFER 1 LEFT   |  | 1870                | LDY   |              |                         |
| F08B- 99 00 01             | 1230 STA         | BUFFER, Y                | The state of the s |  | 1880 READBI         |       |              | WHEN CR SEND BUFFER     |
| FØ8E- C8                   | 1240 INV         |                          |  | F119- C8   | 1890                | INY   |              | TO BASIC                |
|                            | 1250 CPY         | #72 T                    | ILL END OF BUFFER  | F11A- C9 ØD  | 1900                |       | #\$0D        |                         |
|                            |                  | MONDMM                   | a.e or portal  |  | 1910                |       | NEXTCH       |                         |
|                            |                  | PRTBUF                   |  |  | 1920                |       | #79          |                         |
|                            |                  | THE THEEDTION            | FOF A CHR AT THE CURSOR  |  | 1930                |       |              | ETIL BUEEFD LITTLE OD   |
| F095~ C9 11                | 1290 CTRLQ CMP   |                          |  |  | 1940                |       | BUFFER,Y     | FILL BUFFER WITH CR     |
|                            |                  | #≠II U                   | IPEN A HOLE  |  | 1950                | DEY   |              |                         |
|                            | -COC DAE         | CIRLY                    | SYM-PHYSIS 10:27   | and the second s | 1950<br>1960 NEXTCH | BNE.  |              | SYM-PHYSIS 1#:28        |
|                            |                  |                          |  | . 120 04 11  | 1700 MEVICE         | אוכ ו | "THEY        | SINTHISIS INIZO         |
|                            |                  |                          |  |  |                     |       |              |                         |

| F128- | C9 | ØD. |            | 1970 |        | CMP | #\$0D ·      |  |
|-------|----|-----|------------|------|--------|-----|--------------|--|
| F12A- | 4C | 88  | 81         | 1980 |        | JMP | RESXAF       | ALLOW FOR LOWER CASE CHR   |
| F120- | 24 | F5  |            | 1990 | WRITBU | BIT | *EDFLG       | LIST WRITES HERE WHEN EDIT   |
| F12F- | 30 | ØA  |            | 2000 |        | BMI | NOPRT        | DONT WRITE AFTER 2ND CR  |
| F131- | C9 | ØA. |            | 2010 |        | CMP | #\$0A        | IGNORE LF  |
| F133- | FØ | 06  |            | 2020 |        | BEQ | NOPRT        |  |
| F135- | C9 | ØD  |            | 2030 |        | CMP | #\$ØD        | IGNORE CR  |
| F137- | DØ | 03  |            | 2040 |        | BNE | =+4          |  |
| F139- |    | F5  |            | 2050 |        | ASL | *EDFLG       | BUT ADJUST FLAG  |
| F13B- |    |     |            |      | NOPRT  | RTS |              |  |
| F13C- |    |     |            | 2070 |        | LDY | *INDEY       | e .  |
| F13E- |    |     | <b>Ø</b> 1 | 2080 |        | STA | BUFFER, Y    | WRITE LINE IN BUFFER   |
| F141- |    |     |            | 2090 |        |     | *INDEY       |  |
| F143- |    |     |            | 2100 |        |     | TOUT         | AND PRINT  |
| F146- |    | 49  | 53         | 2110 | LIST   | .BY | 'LIST'       | ,  |
| F149- |    |     |            |      |        |     |              |  |
| F14A- | -  |     |            |      |        |     |              | RESET VECTORS  |
| F14C- |    |     | A6         | 2130 |        |     | OUTVEC       |  |
| F14F- |    |     |            | 2140 |        |     | #H, TOUT     | •  |
| F151- |    | 65  | A6         |      |        |     | OUTVEC+1     | ,  |
| F154- | 60 |     |            | 2160 |        | RTS |              |  |
|       |    |     |            |      |        |     | 5 PROGAM     | and the second s |
|       |    |     |            |      | ;      |     |              |  |
|       |    |     |            |      |        |     | BASCLD+\$6C7 |  |
|       |    |     |            | 2200 | TRIGIN | .DI | TRIG+\$A1    |  |
|       |    |     |            |      |        |     |              |  |

INCIDENTALLY, THANKS TO DR. G. STRUBBE (5.P.#9), I IMPLEMENTED 8 CONTROL KEYS AT THE 8 FREE PLACES OF MY KTM 40 BOARD. IT IS WUNDERBAR!! THE KEYBOARD ENCODING TABLE STARTS AT \$7FA UP TO \$879 I FOUND IT THANKS TO HISSINK'S DISASSEMBLER(S.P.#8) THAT I HAVE REWORKED A LOT FOR EASIER USE AND MORE FUNCIT TRACES ALSO). HEREAFTER MY SUBSCRIBTION RENEWAL.



NOTE THAT PERSONALLY I DOWT LIKE BASIC THIS PROGRAM WAS MADE FOR MY DAUGHTER

A SHORT, BUT VERY SWEET, COMPUTER ASSISTED INSTRUCTION PROGRAM

Dear M. de le Court:

Thank you for the Christmas gift (above) for all BASIC SYMmers. While I have not tried your program out personally, it looks great, and most BASIC SYMmers will especially appreciate its line editing capability. This, plus Jack Brown's earlier published line renumbering program should allow one to really polish up the appearance of their BASIC programs.

Below is a program for your daughter, and all SYM BASICers, which I did not edit or "polish" (except to correct one misspelled word) in any way, so that SYMmers can practice using your line editor on it.

Sincepely,

EDITORIAL NOTES TO CRISWELL'S CAI BASIC PROGRAM

This, as yet unnamed, modest, mild, unassuming, little program is far SYM-PHYSIS 16:29 more powerful and versatile than at first glance it appears to be, and I strongly recommend it to all BASIC users. It was submitted by Dr. Hugh E. Criswell, another behavioral researcher, whom I hereby formally introduce to Dr. Broman (see her letter on page 25).

Dr. Criswell also submitted the necessary object code to permit saving and recalling data files (see p. 7:17), and a set of sample questions, with answers, as a "saved" data file. The questions so well illustrate the versatility of the program that we provide them, following the LISTing, as a "puzzle" for the reader. We used the Alphanumeric Verify published in an earlier issue to "dump" the data file in ASCII format. Readers might wish to see if they can figure out the questions and answers from this dump.

Studying this string file dump will certainly help provide an understanding of how BASIC processes and stores its strings. Remember that BASIC stores all generated strings and string arrays from the too of the memory downwards.

Although the program is far from self-explanatory, it is sufficiently simple in structure to be easily understandable by beginners, and is highly recommended to them as a useful way to learn how to use string arrays.

```
16 DIM A$ (25,26),B(26)
11 REM AS IS THE QUESTION MATRIX; A IS # OF LINES, B IS ANSWER.
15 DATA WRONG! TRY AGAIN, NOPE! REDO IT YOU TURKEY, INCORRECT! REPEAT IT
16 DATA "POOR ANSWER TRY ABAIN!"
26 L=1
21 PRINT"S=STORE.R=RETRIEVE"
36 PRINT"TYPE W TO WRITE A QUESTION OR L TO LOOK AT ONE": GOSUBSee
46 IF X$="W"THEN GOBUB1666
5# IF X = "L"THEN GOSUB2###
51 IF X = "S"THEN X=USR(& 1C26", & 9806")
52 IF X = "R"THEN X=USR(&"1C7B", & "#88##")
66 GOT036
1000 J=0
1881 PRINT"QUESTION #";L,FRE(8)
1818 PRINT"TYPE A QUESTION AND END IT WITH A ! AS THE LAST LINE"
1Ø15 J=J+1
1020 808UB5000:A$(L,J)=X$
1636 IF A$(L.J)<>"!"GOTO1615
1646 PRINT"THE RIGHT ANSWER IS": GOSUB5666: B(L)=X
1950 L=L+1
1955 IFL>20THENBOSUB3666
1666 RETURN
2506 PRINT CHR$ (27) +"E";
2661 I=INT((L-1) $RND(1)+1)
2995 REM THIS ENTERS A QUESTION INTO THE POOL
2616 J=1: X=SQR(2)
2#12 PRINT"QUESTION #":I.FRE(#)
2828 PRINT A$(I,J)
2036 J=J+1
2646 IF A$(I,J)<>"!"80T02626
2050 PRINT"WHAT'S YOUR ANSWER?"
2969 909UB5999: A=X
2976 IF A=B(I)THENPRINT"RIGHT! GOOD JOB":RETURN
2685 READ CS
2898 IFC = "POOR ANSWER TRY AGAIN! "THENRESTORE
2166 PRINTC$: 60T02666
3666 PRINT"JUST A SECOND. I'M MEMORIZING THESE QUESTIONS"
3001 X=USR(&"1C20",&"0800")
3616 L=5:RETURN
5666 X$="": X=6: W=1
5001 REM GUARDED INPUT AND BACKSPACE
```

5828 Y=USR (-38128,8):Y=127ANDNOTPEEK (249)

5021 IFW>254THENRÉTURN

5022 W=W+1

5030 IFY=13THENPRINTCHR\$(13):RETURN

5635 X\*=X\*+CHR\*(Y)

5845 IFY=95ANDLEN(X4)>ØTHENGOSUB5188

5060 IFY>46ANDY<58THENX=VAL(X\$)

5070 GOTO5020

5188 X\$=LEFT\$(X\$,LEN(X\$)-2):PRINTCHR\$(8);CHR\$(8);:RETURN

### ASCII DUMP OF DATA FILE (FROM \$0000 - \$114F)

| SS44L!5, 2,4, and 5 are correct, you finish 20 questions.4, Typing long questions may run you out of memory before3, Control c will cause a crash. crash.2, Typing a question more than 20 lines long will cause a crash.1, Typing return without first entering data will cause a What bug s are left in this program?!question is 17.as long as the answeris a number. T | o this Note: You do not have to use a multiple choice forms t! in an occasional "sign or use bad grammar.) answers or just use one line for them, and that you can throw6, (this is just to show that you do not have to give 4 possable5, none of the above4, all of the above of the bugs are worked out.3, # o times the program can be expected to bomb be | fore all2, # of hours it took to write this !"#################################### |
|--|--|--|
|--|--|--|

### ON SYNERTEK'S FLOPPY DISK CONTROLLER (FDC-1)

Published below are extracts from a letter from Joe Hobart, and a manuscript describing his experiences with the FDC-1. Joe and I are two of the six individuals outside of Synertek who have been "lent" preproduction samples for evaluation (don't know the other four, since they're not SYMmers!). The "Jared" referred to in the letter is Jared "Jerry" Larsen, of Synertek Systems, a great person to work with.

My review follows Joe's, but first let me say this: I used to assert that there were THREE major "selling" points for the SYM; SUPERMON (with all its vectoring and user available utilities), RAE-1 (with or without its extensions, SWP, DISARAE, XREF, etc.), and SYM's richness in 1/0 resources (3-6522s, 1-6532). There will soon be a FOURTH major strength: the FDC-1 disk system:

3465 North Andes Dr Flagstaff, AZ 86001 (602) 779-2110

Hi Lux:

January 15, 1982

Here is the manuscript of my first experiences with Synertek's new FDC-1. I hope it is suitable and not too late for inclusion in the next issue of SYM-PHYSIS. I do not know when Synertek will have the production versions available for sale, but this information seems very timely.

SYM-PHYSIS 10:31

This is my first disk experience and I must say that there were a few frustrating moments. I zapped the controller with static electricity or something and spent a week trouble-shooting it without any kind of a schematic. I also spent some additional time getting all the jumpers in the Shugart set to the normal configuration. My brother must have had a rather unusual controller when he was using this drive. It was really a great relief when I studied the disassembled listing for the FDC software, found addresses at \$F000-F100, removed my EPROM, and heard the drive find track 00.

I hope that Symertek does supply the cables to go between the drive and the controller. I had to modify a standard Shugart cable; those presson  $5\theta$  pin connectors require a LOT of force to seat properly. I had to use a large bench vise to do the job.

The manuscript only hints of some of the problems I encountered in getting the disk system running. I attribute most of the problems to inexperience with the system. I remember similar problems when I first got SYM-BASIC running (especially with the TCP). As I became used to the system, the number of problems decreased very significantly. I am sure the same thing will happen with the disk system.

One of the most difficult areas is in getting the system to work in RAE with both disk and cassette. Jared suggested toggling \$EE to get the cassette to work, but this does not always work. I have not fully checked all possibilities, but it seems that the cassette will not work if a disk save (ENter) has been done since RAE initialization. This will require some experimenting. I still do not understand what was happening to prevent me from reloading BASIC programs, but that problem seems to have gone away since I put TCP back in EPROM. Speaking of TCP, I just do not know enough about the SYM to be able to make TCP and SYMDOS work together. Perhaps one of the users will have some ideas.

Jared did ask me to pass along that you should not get an error indication when you verify data on a disk that was taken from a changing source. Apparently you were saving data from a clock register and then expecting to see an error on the verify. From my understanding of disk systems in general, I think that the verify only compares the data on the disk with the CRC that was derived from the data sent to the disk. In the IBM format this CRC is recorded in each sector near the data. I have two known bad disks from our PDP-11 at work. The yerify does detect the bad areas on these disks. I have not been able to use either disk past the bad area yet, but I think several tracks have been damaged by a poorly aligned drive.

Jared did pass along some information on how the R/W routines work. My next project is to modify my fig-FORTH to work with the disk. I did send Jared a copy of my fig-FORTH. After some problems getting it to load on his MDT 1800, he reports it works fine. By the may, Sandy McKay tried my DRAM fix of an extra ground wire between the 6502 ground and the memory ground bus with excellent results. Apparently all his memory problems and the system crashes when he turned on his teletype just vanished. Sandy used a long piece of wire (6 inches) too.

Enough rambling. I really do like having a disk system at last.

Best regards,

/s/ Joe Hobart

EXPERIENCES WITH SYNERTEK'S NEW FLOPPY DISK CONTROLLER

For the past two weeks, I have been using an engineering prototype of Symertek's new floppy disk controller. During this time the controller has performed very well, providing fast and reliable mass data storage by interfacing an eight inch Shugart drive to my SYM-1. Here are some

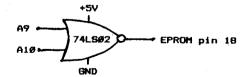
observations and suggestions for using this new controller with expanded systems:

Since I have had difficulty using dynamic RAMs with my SYMs, I was very apprehensive about the physical separation between SYM and memory caused by putting a six inch controller between them. My fears were unfounded; the system works beautifully with the controller attached to the expansion port and either a 32K Beta memory board, a 32K static memory board, or a 4K static memory, attached to the controller board. Based on experience with my dynamic memories, an additional ground wire between one of the SYM's 6502 ground pins and the memory ground bus would help cure any problems that develop.

The interface between SYMDOS and SUPERMON is very smooth. A simple .8 9006 links the two and adds disk save, load, format, and list directory commands to those of the monitor. It is really nice to be able to load my 7300 byte FORTH in about 1 and 1/2 seconds as compared to about one minute required for a cassette tape load. The FDC-1 was designed to work immediately with a 4K SYM. For use with larger memory, it is convenient to relocate the disk buffer/workspace away from the \$600-\$60FFF default location. This is accomplished by changing the contents of \$A62A-\$A62B to point at the new buffer location.

The FDC also works smoothly with RAE-1. Once in RAE, a simple >RUN \$7903 links SYMDOS to RAE and provides disk ENter, LOad, LOad and Append, and assemble multiple source files. It is while assembling multiple source files that the speed and reliability of a disk over a cassette system become especially apparent. I vividly remember some strong frustrations with my cassette system while repeatedly assembling fig-FORTH during the debugging stage. Assembling these same source files from disk was a very pleasant change.

Interfacing SYMDOS with my BASIC was not as convenient as with SUPERNON or with RAE. The FDC uses \$F000 - \$F1FF which conflicted with my EPROM containing Brown's Super TCP and Renumber and the Synertek Trig Patch. To resolve this conflict, I modified the contents of the EPROM so that it occupies only \$F200-\$F7FF and disabled the EPROM whenever \$F000-\$F1FF is addressed by using 1/4 of a 74LS02 NOR gate in the circuit below:



EPROM pin 18 (chip enable) must be disconnected from ground. I connected wires to A9 and A10 at pins 19 and 22 of the SYM ROM sockets.

I mounted the 74LSØ2 over U24, and soldered pins 7 (GND) and 14 (+5V) to the same pins of U24. All other pins are bent upward and away from U 24. A9 and A1Ø go to pins 11 and 12 and the output is taken from pin 13, but there are three other combinations, as this is a quad NOR chip!

Once in BASIC, an X=USR(&"9666",6) adds disk SAVE and LOAD commands.

Synertek also added #M to allow easy escape to the monitor so that disk format and list directory commands are accessible. Since BASIC is very inflexible in memory addressing, the disk buffer must be moved to take advantage of a memory larger than 4K. BASIC's top of memory and string pointers at \$0083 and \$0087 must be modified to protect the disk buffer area. While working on the modification to my TCP, I encountered some problems with not being able to reload programs that had been saved with different BASIC top of memory and string pointers. Once I finished the modifications to my TCP, I had no further problems. I recommend that no serious program saves be done until memory parameters are stable.

I saw no easy way to have SYMDOS and Brown's TCP operate simultaneously. To simplify access to disk-linked BASIC, I added a CONTROL D function to TCP. The source listing shows the changes required to Brown's TCP to enable the escape to SYMDOS. Return to TCP is by either X=USR( $\theta,\theta$ ) from BASIC or .8 $\theta$  from SUPERMON. This approach has the merit of being simple to implement. I would like to see how others handle this interface. My TCP resets all necessary vectors, et cetera, each time it is entered.

Synertek should be congratulated for making available a relatively low cost disk controller that works with SUPERMON, RAE-1, and BAS-1 without requiring any modifications to the SYM-1. It is delightful to be able to load programs like my "Pirates' Adventure" in seconds instead of minutes required by cassette tape.

LUX'S COMMENTS ON THE FDC-1

The FDC-1 software will handle one or two, single or double sided, 5 1/4" or 8", drives. 5 1/4" systems may be single or double density; 8" systems are restricted to single density (the on-board crystal is 16.0 MHz; this is part of the restriction).

The hardware is factory-jumpered for 5 1/4" drives; instructions for re-jumpering for 8" systems are provided. Joe Hobart is working with 8" drives, Lux with 5 1/4" drives. Both report success and satisfaction.

5 1/4" systems use 34 wire cables from controllers to drives, 8" systems use 50 wire cables; separate connectors for both sizes of cables are provided on the controller. Actually only a single, either 50 or 34, pin connector is required. HDE uses a 34 wire cable even for their 8" systems! It turns out that the 26 wire pinout used for the Apple's Disk II, and the "Shugart Standard" 34 wire pinout for 5 1/4" drives, are contiguous subsets of the "Shugart Standard" 50 wire pinout for 8" drives, with at most one exception, which is easily taken care of with jumpers. The "oddball" signal is related to differences between hard and soft sector systems, e.g., Shugart 800 vs 801, or 850 vs 851.

The software is contained in a (4K) 2732 EPROM (remember this is not the same as the 2532!); I must "upgrade" my EPROMmer to handle these! This software resides at \$9000, and might be considered as the long-awaited SUPERMON "Future Expansion" plus "extensions" for BAS-1 and RAE-1. From SUPERMON a .6 9006 modifies URCVEC to point to the commands .83, .L3, .S9, and .L7, for saving, loading, formatting, and obtaining file listings. The parameters permit using up to ten character filenames, in addition to the usual numerical parameters.

The default values for the disk buffer area are at the top of the first 4K of RAM; no off-board expansion is required! The defaults could be lowered to fit a IK system, if you would really want to! As Joe pointed out, the defaults are in SYSRAM, and should be raised for BAS and RAE. Since the program is in EPROM the best bet is to burn your own, with your own choice of defaults. Only a preliminary manual with neither schematics nor source code is as yet available.

Installation was extremely simple; the whole job took only five minutes.

The test board came with a 44-pin connector soldered to one of its sets of edge "fingers" (the other set passes the signals straight through for further expansion). We read the manual, soldered two leads (red and black coded) to terminals on the board for direct connection to the +5 V power supply (that's all!), mounted it on the expansion connector of an GK SYM, installed a known-to-be-working 5 1/4" drive system (just by connecting the drive cable), and went on to test the system.

Then came two hours of increasing fustration with peculiar responses! We finally gave up with the hardware and began on the software. We disassembled the program and almost immediately found the solution to our problem. The controller's control registers were assigned addresses at \$F000 and up, where we already had an EPROM installed. Removing the EPROM did the trick; the system worked as described in the preliminary manual.

The operating system treats the disk as a long serial medium and stores successive files sequentially. If a file name is reused the previous file with that name is not deleted; it is just no longer accessible, last-in-only-out! Utility programs for disk compacting and copying are promised, but did not come with the preliminary documentation we received.

The save-with-verify mode did not operate as we had come to expect it should. FODS includes a compare-disk-to-memory after each read or write. Several times this feature has informed us that our RAM was flakey because of a poor socket contact; we like the security of the compare.

We do not like the "wasting" of the 2K block at \$F000 for just four register addresses \$F000-\$F003 and the page \$F100-\$F1FF. These could have been assigned within the \$9000 block, with on-board logic to permit these addresses to "over-ride" the EPROM. Joe's fix is fine, but we will also investigate the possibility of reassigning these controller registers to the \$ABBX or \$ACBX area (lots of "wasted" space there now), where all such I/O devices should go, when we get around to reburning an EPROM with more suitable default values, most likely for an 8K system.

The program now occupies \$9000-\$9770 and \$9800-\$9FFF; there is still lots of room available for more niceties in there. This would be a good place to patch in the now unused USR0 through USR7 as well as modifying the "useless" Jump Entries, J5 - J7, available in the existing portion of SUPERMON.

We have asked some of our product "reviewers" to examine the existing software to see what modifications would be required to permit reading and writing Apple II and/or CP/M (at least ASCII files) compatible disks. Since no higher level file management capabilities (even the simpler utilities such as COPY, PACK, etc., are not yet ready) exist in SYM-DOS, the opportunities exist for adapting an existing DOS (with built-in compatibility) or creating a "superior" one by incorporating the best features of various existing DOSes.

### MORE ON DISKS AND MEMORY EXPANSION

The FDC-1 is a 4  $1/4 \times 5$  1/2 inch "card" with a "Reverse KIM/SYM" pinout, intended to be installed extending outwards from the expansion connector. Dur test board had a 44-pin connector soldered to it which was used for our first tests. This was later desoldered and removed, and a pair of 44-pin connectors soldered together, back-to-back, was used instead, to permit testing several alternate configurations.

Three of these alternate configurations we plan to try are as follows: First, a 4K SYM with the 32~K Beta Board "tucked under" and the FDC-1 also mounted underneath the SYM with a short cable attaching it to the

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"free" set of edge fingers on the Beta Board, in a very compact package. This package, suitably encased, will be mounted atop a pair of 5 1/4 inch drives, also suitably encased. This configuration would be similar to our current FODS based system.

Second, an 8K (Blalock Expander Kit) SYM, plus the Quest "Motherboard" Expander Kit, in which will be installed the FDC-1 and the Turpin ColorMate Board (also Reverse KIM/SYM pinout) for color graphics. The third is the obvious one, which is too "spaced-out", in our opinion, mounting the FDC-1 directly on the expansion connector with the Beta Board extending outward from it. This approach we will try only to confirm that it can be done, as per Joe Hobart's report above.

Joe seems to have found an easy solution to the problem so many of us ran into when we tried to add memories such as the 32K Beta Board with too long an extension cable. While the Beta Manual recommended bringing in a direct +5 V line because of possible DC drop and heat in the narrow printed traces, it did not explicitly mention the same situation would occur in the GND traces! In addition there certainly would be "AC" drops, i.e., ground loops, for transient signals, which could, and did cause sub-marginal performance. Thanks, Joe! The FDC-1 has separate terminals to which both power leads are to be brought; apparently a very good engineering practice to follow in multi-board systems.

#### WHEN AND WHENCE THE FDC-1?

Synertek Systems Corporation has offered the SYM-1 Users' Group exclusive rights to manufacture and distribute the Floppy Disk Controller, FDC-1, in consideration for our completing all of the necessary supporting documentation, and providing all required Customer Service and Support for the FDC-1, on a long-term, continuing basis.

The latter we can do; it would merely be an extension of what we have been doing for SYM-1, KTM-2, BAS-1, RAE-1, etc., these past two years. To be rather immodest about the matter, SSC is offering us the FDC-1 product line because they feel we have the ability to support it in the manner to which they have become accustomed!

Software and System Support are our areas. The idea of setting up a hardware assembly line facility never entered our thoughts, and is still something we are not yet ready for. On the other hand, the sorting and gathering of the component parts into "build it yourself" kit packages we could easily do. The assembly and checkout of "ready—to—go" boards is something we would have to grow towards.

We plan to place a firm order with SSC by 1 April for a specific initial number of boards and components for delivery to us by 1 June 1982. We will also place an order for both 5 1/4 and 8 inch dual-drive cables with another vendor. Our aim is to produce a complete package, including all connectors and dual-drive cables (these alone are normally \$35.00 and up!); all you need add are the drives (with power supplies, and power cables) to have a fully operational system.

Remember, though, that the FDC-1 will be available at first only in complete kit form. It should be easy to assemble, since in addition to the sockets and connectors, there are only five resistors and six capacitors to be soldered in. Schematic and layout drawings will be provided.

The kit price should be around \$175.00 (US funds), including shipping, USA or Canada, with an additional \$6.00 for airmail to Europe, or \$8.00 for airmail elsewhere. If this interests you, please drop us a note; your feedback will let us know how large an initial order to place, and what ratio of 8 inch to  $5\ 1/4$  inch cables to order. Issue No. 11, which will reach you by mid-April, will give firm prices, detailed specs, and full ordering information. Deliveries should begin in mid-June.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS

We have accepted an invitation from the Department of Electrical Engineering of the Queensland Institute of Technology to be the keynote speaker at "A Two Day Design Workshop on 6502/6809 Microcomputer Systems", to be held 14-15 April 1982, in Brisbane, Australia. Papers will be presented by Bob Tripp (MICRO), Rodnay Zaks (SYBEX), a Rockwell representative, and a number of Australian researchers. We are looking forward to the traveling, the workshop, the "vacation", meeting many of our Australia/New Zealand/Tasmania friends, etc.

From 16 April to 16 May, approximately (see above), the Users' Group office will be "partially open" on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 16AM to 4PM, Pacific Coast Time, to handle telephoned and mailed "business" matters. Unfortunately, there will be no one available to answer technical questions, or to help solve technical problems. These will be back-logged till our return.

Since we are OEMing a number of special purpose SYM based systems, we regularly buy various selected items at OEM prices in quantities sufficient to get good price breaks. These include Epsons (all models) hard-to-get connectors, special purpose chips, etc., and always have a few around. Because prices and stocks on hand are variable these are not listed in our flyers. Call or write if you have special needs; we may be able to help.

#### ADVERTISING POLICY

We have been asked many times if we would accept advertising, and, if so, what our rates were. Up to now our answer has been "No, but if you will lend us the equipment for test, or lend us a copy of the manual, we will review the product in an 'up-coming' issue." In most cases we so liked the product that we purchased it for our own use, and even became dealers for it, if possible. The testing did take time, however, and the reviews were often delayed.

The main reason for rejecting ads, as you will see from the analysis below, is that at least four "major" advertisers are required just to break even, postage rates being what they are. We think the rates proposed below will attract enough advertisers, especially since a one-time ad will have "multiple-exposure" in a newsletter in which back issues are regularly reread.

We feel that advertising conveys useful information to the using community, and is actually an added service, provided that the editorial content is not diluted, and that the product advertised is indeed worthwhile. We will therefore begin accepting advertising for publication with future issues. The rates and the analysis leading to these rates follows:

Our present mailings come right up to the two ounce limit; any additional material would require additional postage. Paying for one additional ounce of postage would permit the mailing of up to six additional sheets of printed matter. Our added mailing cost per issue would consist of domestic first class postage for one additional ounce (\$0.17) to approximately 1000 subscribers, and overseas airmail/printed matter postage for one additional ounce (\$0.36 - \$0.46) to approximately 300 subscribers. This works out to about \$300 whether we insert a half-sheet or six full sheets; never mind the cost of labor for the added folding and stuffing!

Beginning with Issue No. 11 (Vol. 3, No. 1) we will handle advertising on the following basis: We will accept "ready-to-stuff" 8  $1/2 \times 11$  inch sheets of printed matter, and insert them in the mailing envelope with

SYM-PHYSIS, which will retain its present format and size. The rate will be \$125 per sheet. We reserve the right to delay publication until multiples of four to six sheets may be mailed with each issue (if only four sheets of advertising material are available we further reserve the right to publish up to two more sheets, i. e., eight more pages, of SYM-PHYSIS, in their place!). We will also accept camera-ready 8 1/2 x 11 inch pages to be reduced to 5 1/2 x 8 1/2 inches and "batched" with three others on a single sheet, to be printed (by us) in SYM-PHYSIS format. The rate will be \$50.00 per page. We reserve the right to delay publication until four such pages are available for batching.

We will still continue to publish PRODUCT RECOMMENDATIONS, where warranted, in the following format.

# PRODUCT RECOMMENDATIONS

NOTE: There is neither enough time nor space left in this issue to do justice to the product lines of the following three sources, all of whom have enquired about advertising rates, sort of "forcing" us into making our decision re accepting advertising. It is very likely that one or more of them will be advertising their wares in the next issue, but if you need additional information before then, please contact them directly. Until the next issue, then, the following brief reviews are the best we can do:

### COLUMBUS INSTRUMENTS

Columbus Instruments International Corporation, 900 N. Hague Ave., Columbus, OH 43204, (614) 488-6176 (Dr. Jan Czekajewski), is primarily a manufacturer of bio-medical instrumentation, using the AIM-65 in their products. Their so-called Universal AIM-65 Interface Card, with 16 channels of 12 bit (very high speed) A/D conversion, a battery backed-up calendar/clock, and a 16 K RAM/ROM expansion space, could just as well be called a Universal SYM-1 Interface Card! Only a single jumper need be added to the SYM-1 to fully utilize all of its capabilities. Even the BASIC program (written for the AIM) requires absolutely no modification for the SYM.

The calendar/clock, converters, and multiplexer are assigned addresses in the \$9000 block. About the only difference is that the BASIC program will have to be keyed in "by hand" for the SYM, no big deal. We read their ads, asked to "borrow" a manual for review, and became dealers. There are at least two SYM users who are as impressed with the interface as we are, and we do not know of any other board as versatile.

### R. J. BRACHMAN ASSOCIATES, INC.

R. J. Brachman Associates, Inc., P. O. Box 1677, Havertown, PA 1983-6077, (215) 622-5495 (Dr. Michael "Mike" Brachman), recently introduced the MICROsport MicroComputer (NMC) in advertisements in several of the computer magazines. They enquired about advertising in SYM-Physis, and we offered to review the product instead. Mike sent us samples of the entire product line and piles of documentation. We will get around to actual testing after the newsletter is out, and will let you know the results in the next issue. Part of the review loan agreement included the stipulation that we communicate our findings back to RJB prior to publication or release of data. That's fair enough.

We might mention in passing, however, that we have an upcoming application where we will be wanting to program a large number of 2732 EPROMS for the FDC-1s, and we were hoping that the MMC's EPROM Programming Adaptor (EPA) option would do the job. Unfortunately, while the EPA will program both TI 2516s and Intel 2716s with the software provided, and with minimal software changes will also program the TI provided, and with minimal software changes will also program the TI

2532s, the Intel 2732s and the EPA are incompatible. If the EPA can be modified to handle 2732s, even at the cost of giving up the ability to handle 2716s, I'd buy that. Actually, we're ordering a complete system anyway: we want to try developing a stand-alone dedicated process control system. Pasted-up below are excerpts from the Product Description brochure:

The MICROsport MicroComputer (MMC), in addition to being a complete microcomputer on a 41/2" x 61/2" pc board is the nucleus of a full hardware/software development system. Software can be developed for the MMC using any 6502-based computer such as the KIM-I, AIM-65, SYM, Apple II, PET, Ohio Scientific and others. The In-Circuit Emulator (ICE) permits full MMC software/hardware debugging, then adding the EPROM Programmer Adaptor, any single +5V EPROM such as the Intel-type 2716 or 2758 can be programmed without additional equipment or disconnecting the ICE/MMC. Of course any of these EPROM's can be programmed using other equipment and still operate in the MMC. The MMC is the ideal dedicated controller for use in control/monitor systems, laboratory experiments, timing, intelligent interfaces, security systems, and other applications requiring a low cost controller.

I/O . .2 MPS6522 VIAs for a total of:

Features:

32 input/output lines,

CPU.....MPS6503, operating at 1 MHz.

8 edge detector/control lines. 4-16 bit timer/counter/pulse generators,

RAM.....1 Kbytes, static (MPS2114).

2 shift registers, interrupt flag registers, and more.

EPROM.....Socket for Intel-type 2716 or 2758.

8 user-defined pins on 44 pin edge connector.

Serial......20 mA loop circuitry on-board.

Interrupts . . . Power-on and manual reset, non-maskable and maskable interrupts.

Power .....+5V regulated or 9 - 20V unregulated AC or DC.

Also. . . . . . All ICs socketed for easy maintenance.

LED power on indicator.

Adaptor socket for expanded memory functions such as CMOS-RAM w/battery back-up.

Options . . . . In-Circuit Emulator; EPROM Programming Adaptor; MMC Development Model MMC/03D with zero insertion force sockets (3); EPROM Programming Services; and application software develop-

Prices. . . . . . MMC/03D Development unit \$149.00

Application unit \$119.00 MMC/03A

Complete development system including MMC/03D; MMC/03ICE; MMC/03EPA; MMC/03S

and software

Kits available from \$89.00.

#### CGS MICROTECH

CGRS Microtech, P. O. Box 102, Langhorne, PA 19047, (215) 757-0284 (Joseph T. Swope), sent us detailed information and operating manuals for the 6502PDS PETDISK Disk Operating System. This system can be adapted to work with the SYM and would be worth investigating by SYM owners who have access to PETs, or would like to be able to swap software with PET owners. It is a quite good operating system.

#### MISCELLANIA

JOHN R. HC DANIEL, 5557E Homestead Drive, Columbus, IN 47201, would like to communicate with others working with the Votrax SC-01 speech synthesis chip.

JEFF LAVIN, P. O. Box 1019, Whittier, CA 90609, sent us a batch of excellent CAI (Computer Assisted Instruction) programs in BASIC (we'll try to get at least one of them printed in Issue No. 11). We discussed the idea of forming SIGs (Special Interest Groups) and he has offered to prepare the questionnaire for mailing with Issue No. 11, and to help process the returns. The idea is that if you want to get in touch with SYMmers living, say, in Ohio, who are using the ColorMate for generating animated cartoons, we can sort through the Special Interest DataBank and put you in touch with them. Jeff has prepared an excellent "Selectric/Microcomputer Interface Manual", printed on the IBM Selectric

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he has interfaced to his SYM. This manual is the definitive source on the subject. Copies may be ordered from him for \$10.00. Add \$2.00 for postage North America, \$4.00 elsewhere.

JOHN BLALOCK, Blalock & Associates, P. O. Box 39356, Phoenix, AZ 85669, has been working on some really elegant hardware and software items which will become part of his expanding product line. One software product for which many SYMmers have been longing is now ready for release. This is his BAS-RAE/RAE-BAS transfer program, which allows BAS-1 programs to be written and edited in RAE-1! Drop him a selfaddressed, stamped envelope for pricing information on this, and his other fine products.

#### SOFTWARE DATABANK

The following new programs, reviewed in Issue No. 9 are now available on cassette (RAE-1 Source Code format) with just enough hard copy documentation to get you started and over possible hurdles:

Kwok's Cross Reference Lister, XRF-1 Thuring's Structured Assembler Macros, MAC65 95% "CERTIFIED" 95% "CERTIFIED"

A new disassembler program is now available which provides a table of definitions for all external addresses, and automatically generates .CT and cassette dump for extra long source codes, is now available. We have tested all but the .CT feature (we must first modify to permit dump and continue on disk). If you liked Hissink's DISARAE, you will find this program even more loveable! Minimal hard copy, but beautifully commented source code, on cassette.

Dessaintes' Disassembler, DESDIS-1

95% "CERTIFIED"

Price for each of the above programs, and for all future programs of similar utility, size, and complexity, is \$36.00 postpaid anywhere.

Not yet ready, with prices not yet set, but perhaps by next issue, are:

Holt's TECO, a "free-standing" Text Editor and Word Processor, fully compatible with DEC's PDP-11 version.

Kwok's BASIC WORD PROCESSOR (BWP-1), a BAS-1 based word processor, for those without RAE-1, who cannot use SWP-1.

Jack Brown has authorized us to "close-out" the present 16K SYM-FORTH package at a \$90.00 price (Object Code Cassette, Reference Manual, and Source Code Listing). Purchasers of this package can then obtain from Saturn Software the expanded 79-Standard Version (requiring at least 24K of RAM) for an additional \$50.00.

Bob Peck has authorized us to reduce the price of the FBOK Appendix Cassette to \$10.00. Because of its popularity, we will be stocking the First Book of KIM, a "must" for unexpanded SYMs; the games are really great if you have youngsters around. Price of the FBOK is \$11.75 postpaid US/Canada. Overseas add \$3.00 for SURFACE mailing (weight is one pound). You also will need Peck's FBOK Appendix and/or the Appendix Cassette.

#### FINI!

That's it for now. We already have more than enough material and ideas on hand for Issue No. 11; actually this could have been a "double" issue! We'll now "rest" a day or two, working out the details of our South Pacific trip. Next, we will spend about two weeks answering all of your accumulated letters, seeing what is on the pile of cassettes and disks still waiting for us, and rearranging the clutter of papers piled high around each SYM. Then, we'll start working on Vol. 3, No. 1. You can expect the Jan/Feb/Mar issue to be in your hands by early April!